New wave of Green materials and Technology for Sustainability

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 The wave of material technology for sustainable society has started since early 1990s as Ecomaterial. In those days, ecomaterial is explained as "Environmental conscious material". Now, "conscious" is insufficient. Measure and infrastructure of solution is the role of Ecomaterial. In the presentation, the development of ecomaterial is reviewed with using the six directions of ecomaterials called ecostar. Going into 21th century, we face new and serious situation for sustainability. Issue of climate change has had to be solved in this century. Demand of resource will overshoot the natural resource in this century. "Resource efficiency" is become important keyword. Material technology should be changed from how to use materials with environmental friendly into how to form sustainable society with efficient material use. In Europe, "Circular Economy" actions have started. It should be developed "Global Multi-value Circulation System", in which retained value of material and products will efficiently leveraged.





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Tokyo Olympic medals to be made from recycled donated metal



FILE PHOTO: A woman is silhouetted against a monitor showing Tokyo 2020 Olympics and Paralympics emblems during the Olympic and Paralympic flag-raising ceremony at Tokyo Metropolitan Government Building in Tokyo, Japan, September 21, 2016. REUTERS/Toru Hanai/File

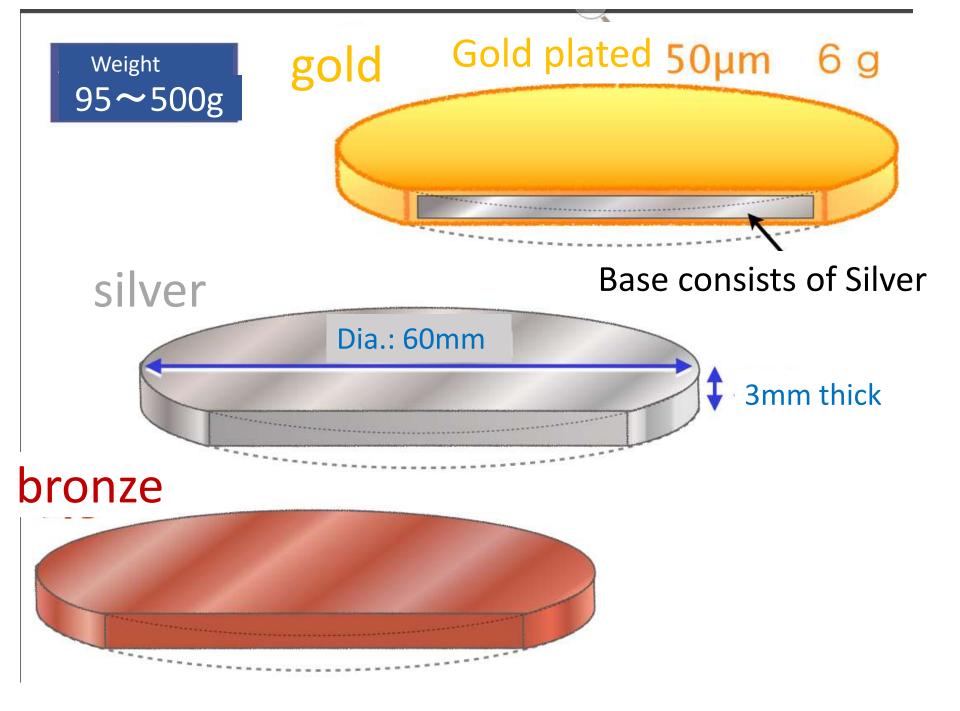
	Vancouver 2010	London 2012	Rio 2016
gold	Recycled content (1.11%)	Obtained from sustainable mining	extracted without the use of mercury
silver	Recycled content (0.12%)	Not mentioned	Recycled content 30%
broze	Recycled content (1.52%)	Zinc in bronze was partially recycled	Recycled content 30%





BYE-LAW TO RULE 70

- 2- Medals and Diplomas
- 2.2 the medals shall be at least 60mm in diameter and 3mm thick. The medals for first and second places shall be of silver of at least 925-1000 grade; the medal for first place shall be gilded with at least 6g of pure gold.



How much metals are required for Olympic medals

	London 2012		Olympic Chartar 2000				
	Olympic	Paralympic	Au	Ag	Cu	Zn	Sn
Gold	659	675	6	379	25	0	0
Silver	649	670	0	381	29	0	0
Bronze	702	687	0	0	368.5	9.5	2
Total	2010	2032	9.6kg	1,210kg	700kg		

Recycled raw material percentage in Japan

	2014			2015		
	Recycled (t)	produced (t)	recycled %	Recycled (t)	produced (t)	recycled %
Au	29.2	106.8	27.3%	31.7	113.8	27.8%
Ag	731	1803	40.5%	817	1967	41.5%
Cu	254000	1538000	16.5%	253000	1509000	16.8%
Pb	114000	200000	57.0%			
Zn	125000	589000	21.2%			



Recycling law for small size electric appliances starts from April 2013.



【小型電気電子機器の例】

Electric households contain a great amount of metals

	BD player	Cell phone	PC laptop	PC disctop
Per equipment	3.6kg	0.1kg	2.1kg	8.2kg
Discarded at 2011	60,000	40,000,000	6,700,000	5,000,000
Annual amount	211t	5600t	1400t	4000t
gols	3kg	1,900kg	2,000kg	2,500kg
silver	16kg	10,000kg	5.600kg	15,000kg
copper	4800t	510,000t	550t	2,200t

Amount of recycled metal by the law of small size electric households rcycling

	2013	2014	2015	Requisite for Olympic medals
Au	46kg	143kg	214kg	9.8kg
Ag	446kg	1566kg	2563kg	1210kg
Cu	381ton	1,112ton	1469ton	700kg

Recovery of Gold from Urban mine





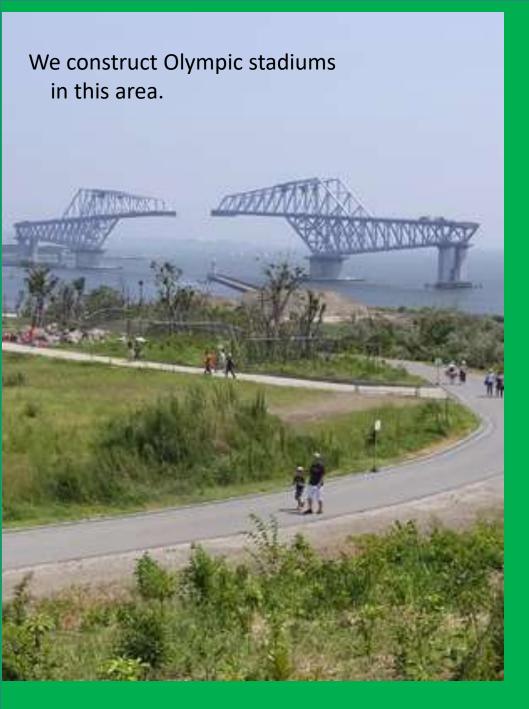
Dream Island just after Tokyo Olympic 1964.

Deposit site of waste from mass consumption



Waste landfill area of Tokyo in late 20th century.





Olympic becomes a symbol from
Economic growth 成長
to
Mature society 成熟

Global material management should change to be from Economic growth to mature society of sustainability







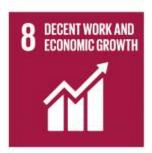
































How can we make our economy circular and resource efficient?

Currently, we are using more resources than our planet can produce in a given time. We need to reduce the amount of waste we generate and the amount of materials we extract.

Resource efficiency



4 12.4

3.2

1.3 Last tonnes of material per capital were exported from the EU.

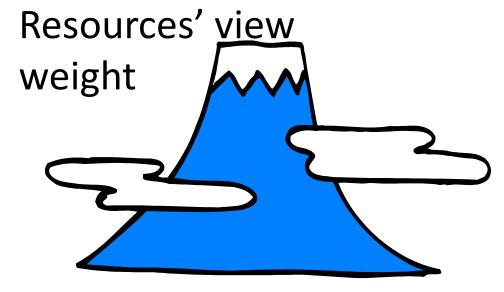
tonnes of materials per capita tonnes of materials per capita were extracted in the EU. were imported to the EU.



Consumers' view weight



Total volume of gold which Human has been used is only Three pools of Olympic



One Mt.Fuji 100,000,000,000ton 100G ton

The natinal resource which was diged for the three pools of gold.





Important materials have great deal of Eco-Ruecksuck

In Japanese sense,

Every material has each a great number of guardian spirits, and frequently you waste them.



A view of an artisenal gold mine, seen from a hill just outside the eastern Congolese town of Kamituga, a mining town 180 km (112 miles) south west of Bukavu, January 18, 2006.

資源端重量が大きいと、インフォーマルな採取による環境破壊も起きやすい

https://www.hrw.org/ja/news/2015/09/30/281785



http://www.nimd.go.jp/kenkyu/review/h14/h14_mercury_analysis_review.html



http://www.circleofblue.org/2012/world/global-gold-rush-the-price-of-mining-pursuits-on-water-supply/



SUSTAINABLE GCALS DEVELOPMENT GCALS 17 GOALS TO TRANSFORM OUR WORLD





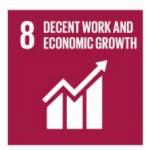
































E-waste (Electric waste)









Eco-ruecksuck of mining

Eco-rucksuck for Hearing E-waste







95.1g

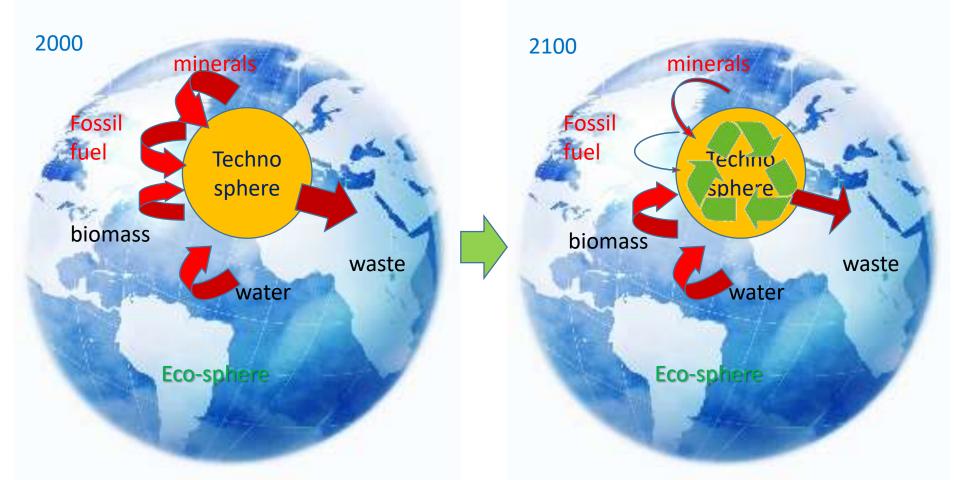


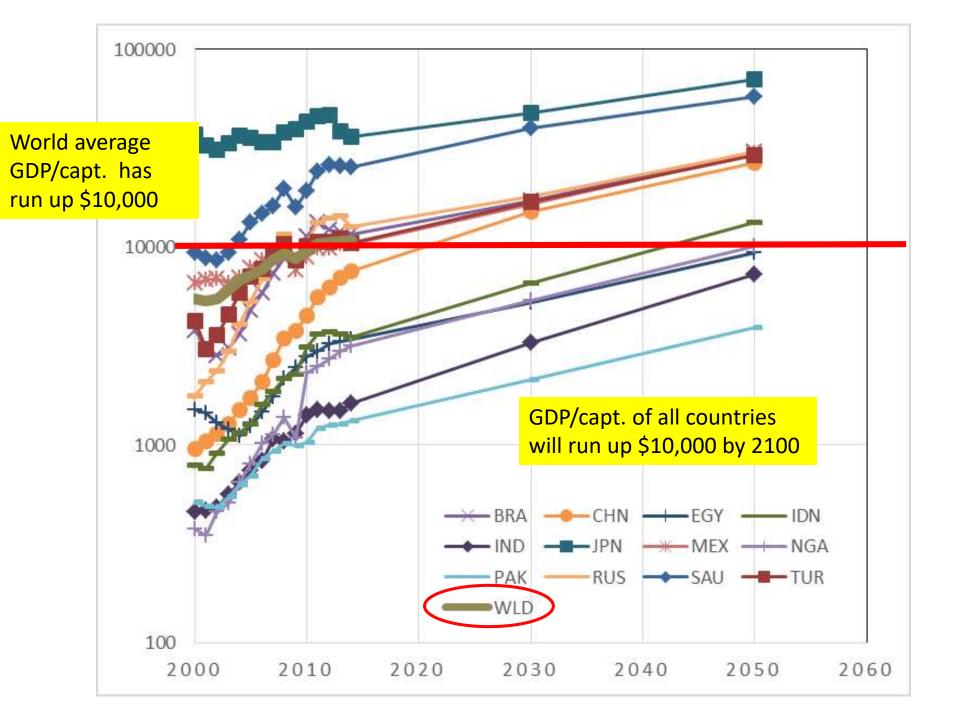
1600ton

One recycled medal improve the resource efficiency.

The world at 2100

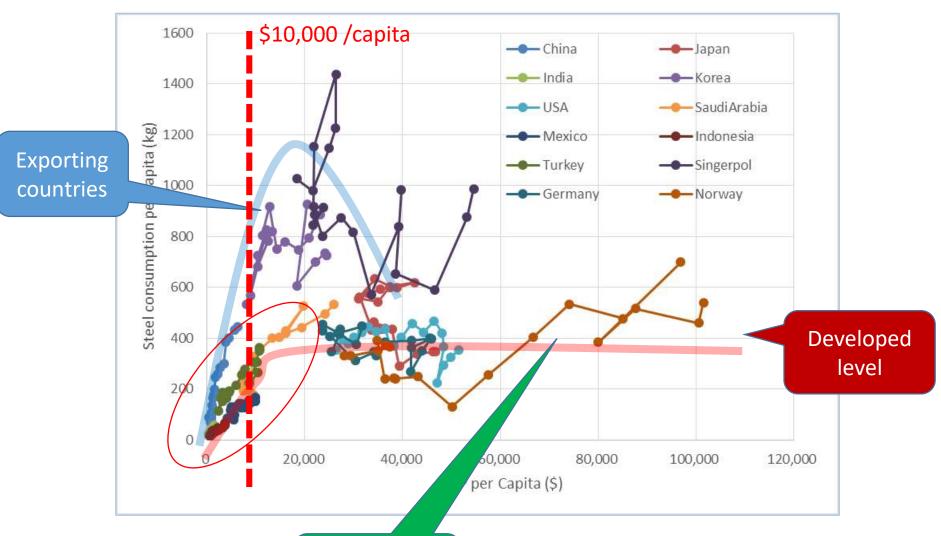
 The minerals and fossil fuels from natural resource is nearly zero.





Consumption/capt. reaches developed level when GDP capt. reaches \$10,000

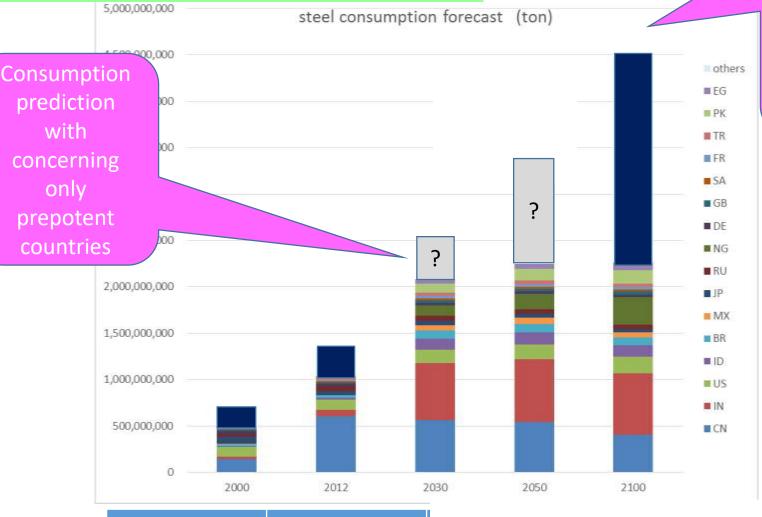
Fe consumption / capita v.s. GDP/ capita from 1994 to 2014



Consuming countries

Rough forecast gets to be simpler, (population) x (developed consumption level)

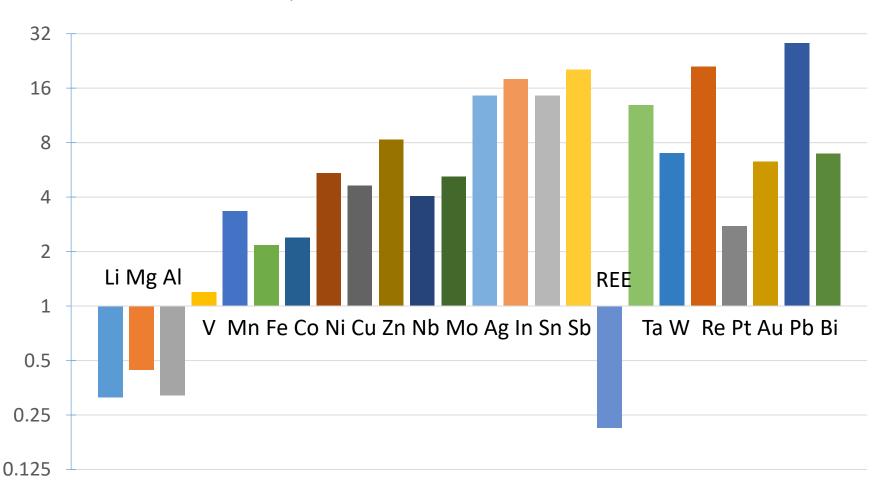
reaches
developed
level of
consumption
per capita

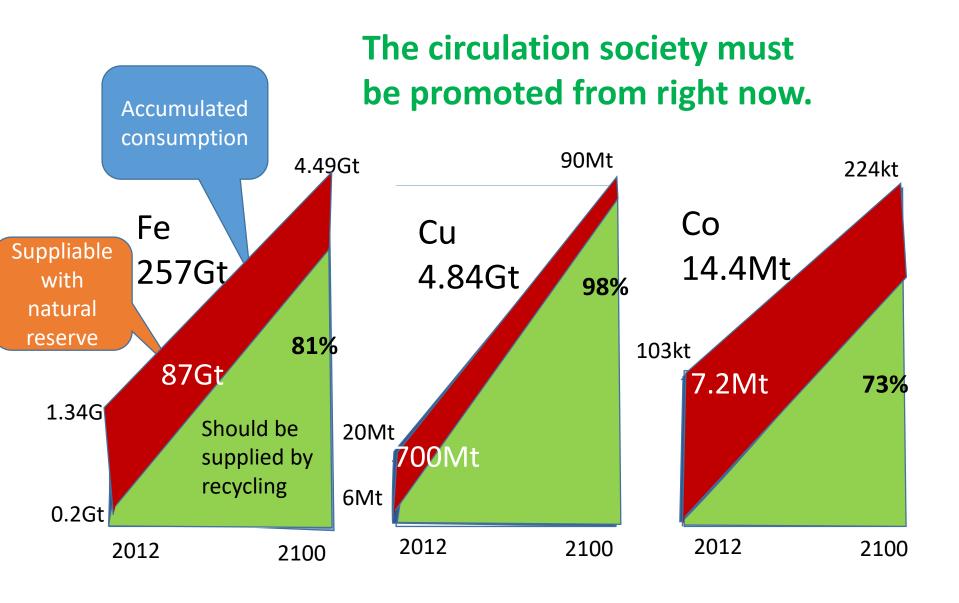


metal	Fe
Consumption/year at 10Gperson world	4.5Gton/year
Reserve	87Gton

Much more times of resources will be required by 2100.

Estimated demand up to 2100 v.s. current reserve amount





Estimated accumulated consumptions till 2100 with simple assumption of linear growth

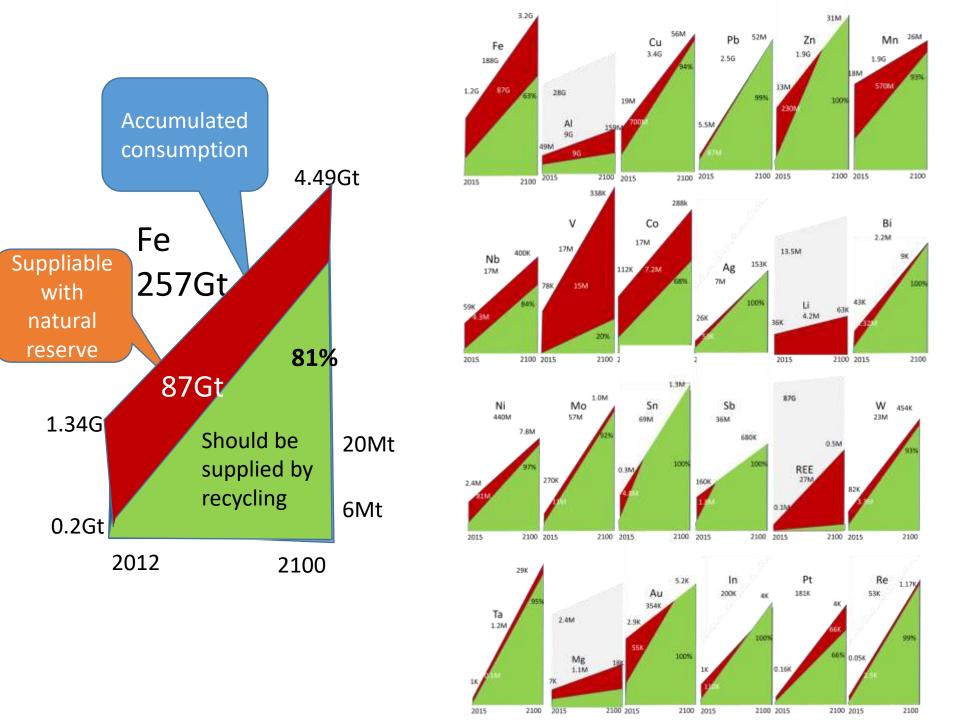
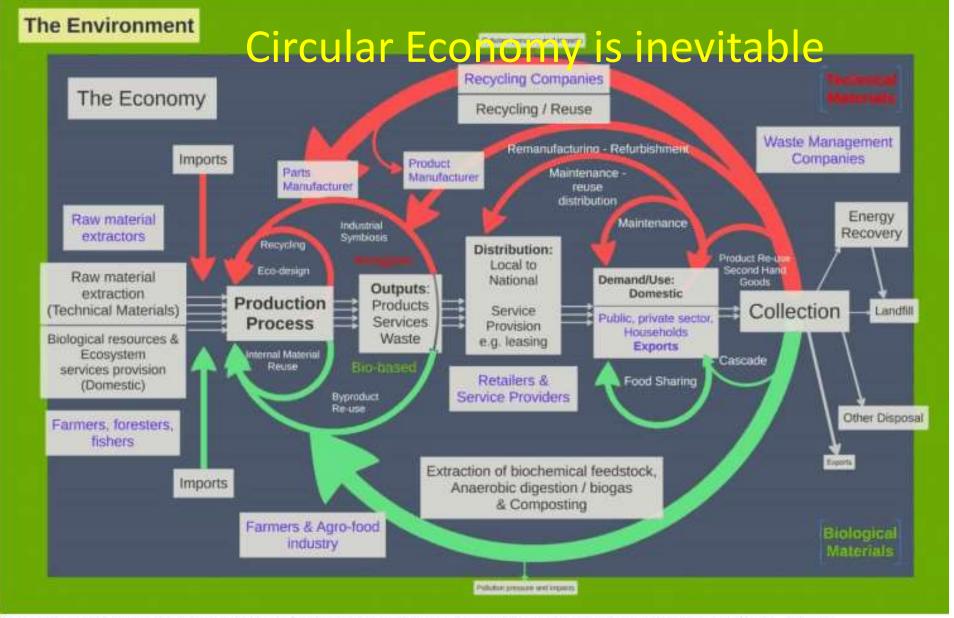
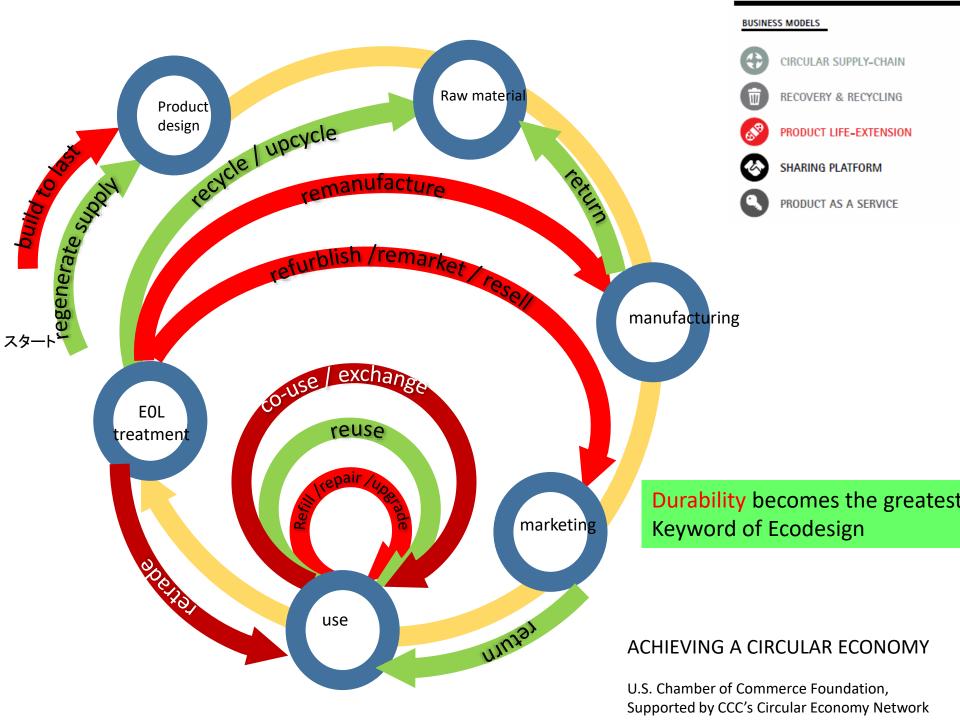


Figure E2: Simplified illustration of a circular economy



Source: Own representation, P ten Brink, P Razzini, S. Withana and E. van Dijl (IEEP), 2014

Circulation like the capillary blood.

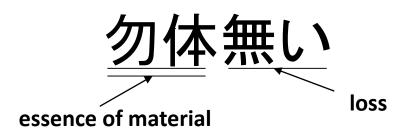


	Function & value	process	certification	Notice
remanufacturing	Same as primary	Dismount and Reconstruct to same performance	Same quality	
Refurbish (re-bild)	According to primary	Dismount and Reconstruct to similar performance		"Re-bild" in automobile
repair	Revive deteriorated pats	Repair and exchange of deteriorated parts	Check the function	Include parts for refurbish
direct reuse	Second hand value	Cleansing level	Simple checking	
recycle	Resource value	extraction of susbstance	As raw material	

Difference of Circular Economy(CE) from conventional circulation society(3R)

	3R	CE	
	Results oriented	Concepts oriented	
aim	Reduction of final disposal	Improvement of Resource Efficiency	
benefit	Reduction of extra economic burden of the society	Creation fo new business different from mas consumption	
measure	Recovery of secondary raw material	Multiple utilization of EoF products	
EoF products	Subjects to be recycled as raw material	Subjects to be used again.	
Economic entity	Recyclers, mining company	Service suppliers, SME producers	
motivation	Social responsibility	Add-value toward sustainability	





Ms Wangari Muta Maathai insisted

mottainai

- 1 blaspheme against God and Ancestors
- 2 awful to overmuch hospitality
 - 3 spare material over-consumption

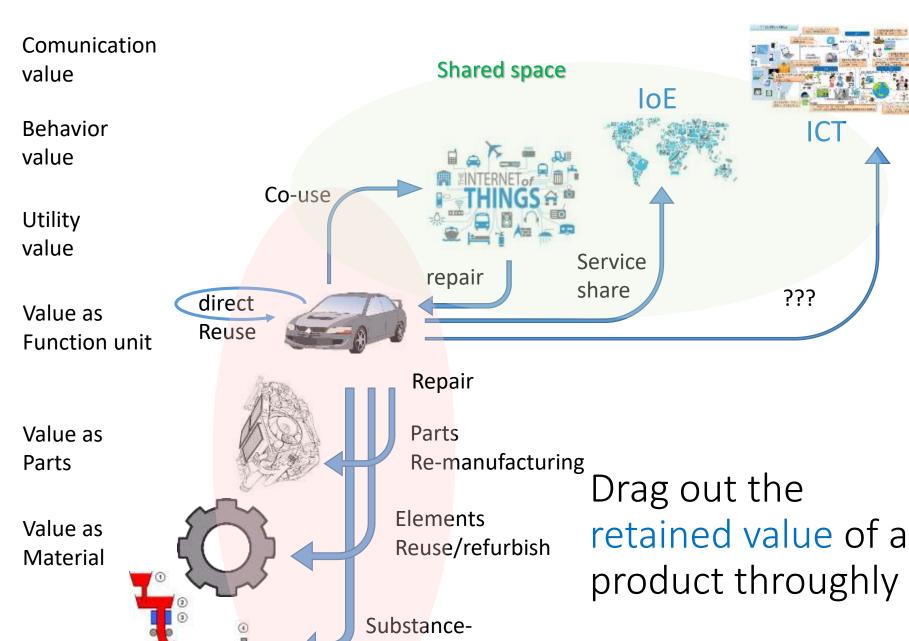
物の本体を失する意

神仏などに対して不都合である。 過分のことで畏れ多い。

そのものの値打ちが生かされず無駄になるのが惜しい。

Don't waste the sprit of material which is given by God !

Mottainai Society



Value as Resource

Personal space

recycle

Entity-centered to Behavior-

Cen Mono モノ 物



Goods value

Possession value

Using IoE ICT

IoE: internet of everything ICT information communication technology

convenience valie

service

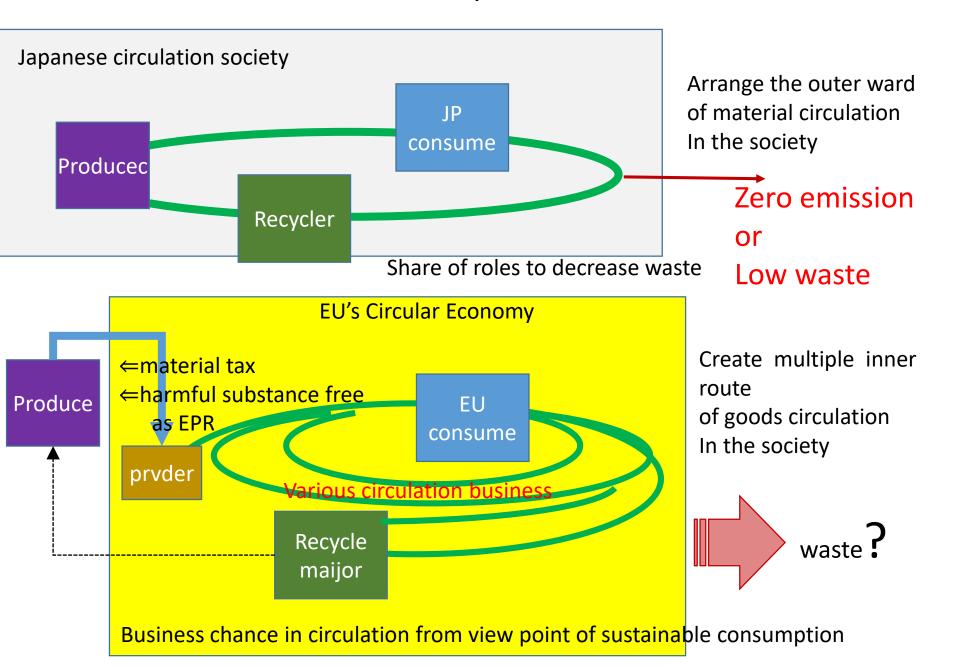
value

utility value

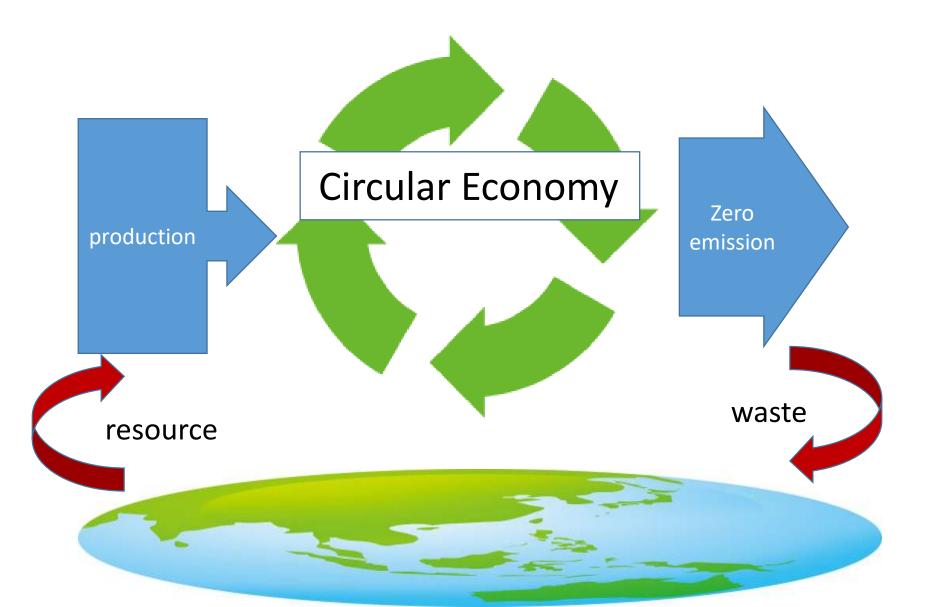
Mass production

RRRDR

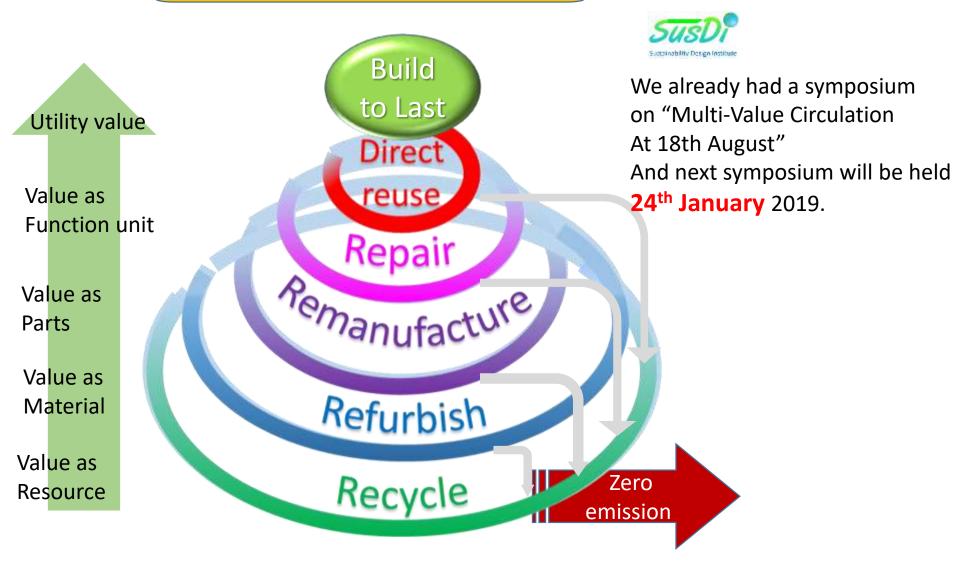
Different circulation society of EU from JP



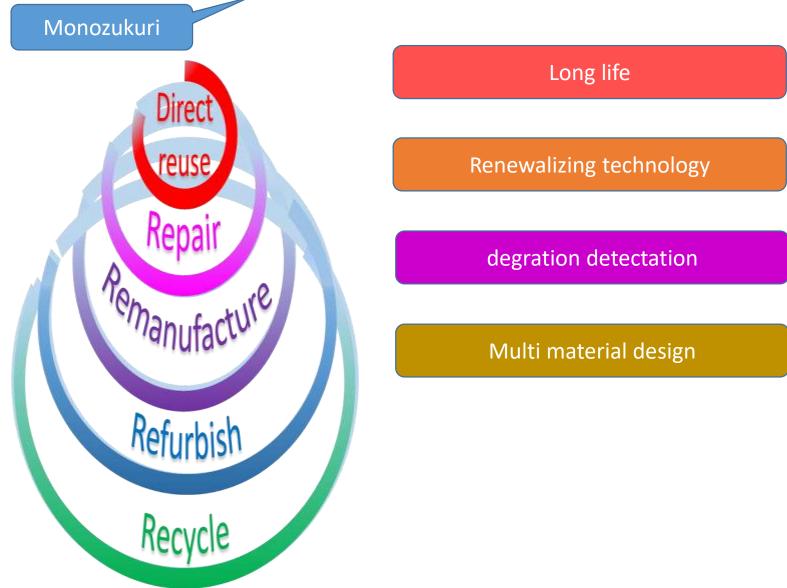
Total Life-cycle management is required for the improvement of Resource Efficiency



Multi-value Circulation



Requisite for materialization on Multi-Value Circulation





Technical Barriers o remanufacturing

プロセス技術

Deterioration of material

Fracture

Fatigue



Wear



Corrosion



Surface treatment & Mending



Weiding



Cold Spray



Submerged Arc Wolding



Plasma Transferred Wire Arc

出典: M.Haselkorn, RIT

Requisite for material in the multi-value circulation society

- Long-life several times longer than goods
- Higher and visible reliability indispensable for RRRDR
- Repairable : detachmentable
- Repairable : material hearing
- Repairable : localized mending
- Easy Cleansing, refreshing: dry cleansing technology etc.
- In-situ Customizing processing such as localized additive manufacturing

Structural material for sustainable society

strong, tender and dependable material for the social system of sustainability



Expand the human's activity frontier toward new environment, such as space, marine and underearth. strong, tough, anticorrosion, heat resistant, light-weight, multi-function



Multi-Function structural materials which provide well-being in the nature-harmonized living space of the future.

視sight: diversified design

聴aural: selective insulation

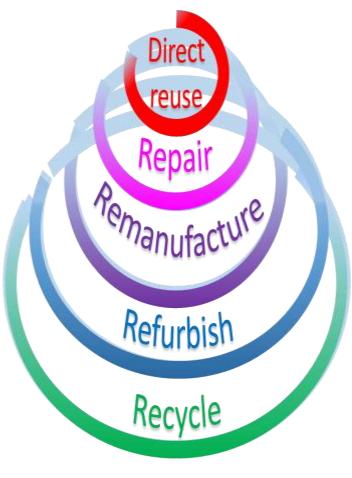
触touch: organic-touch inorganics

膚skin: moisture control etc.



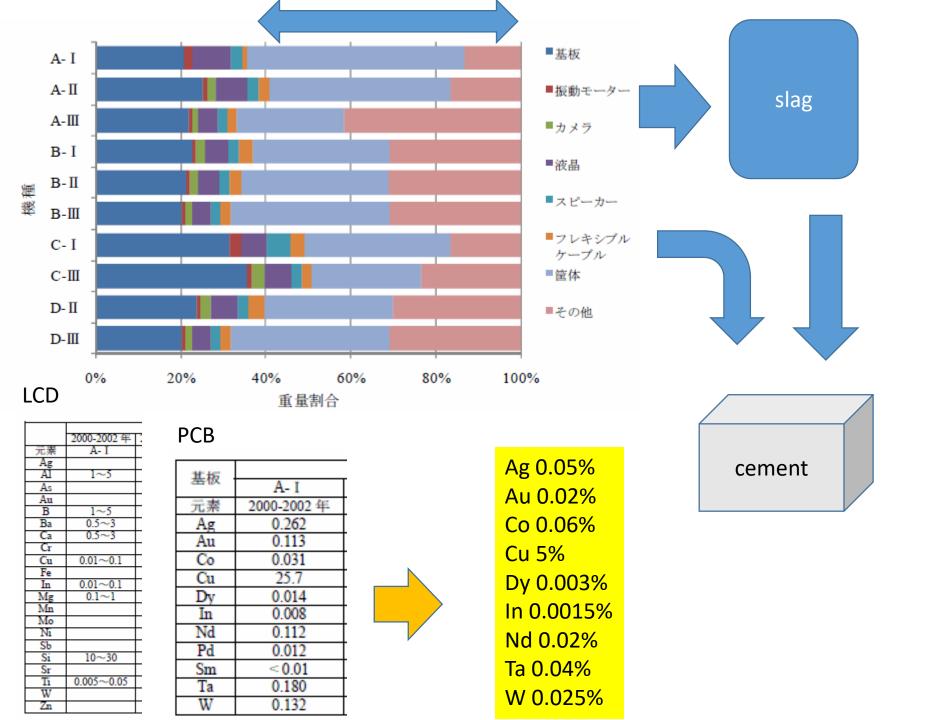
Dependable materials which have reliability of endurance for sever stress and its rapid fluctuation. Intelligent materials which predict, diagnose and respond to deterioration.

Halada: Sept. 2013 at Beijin

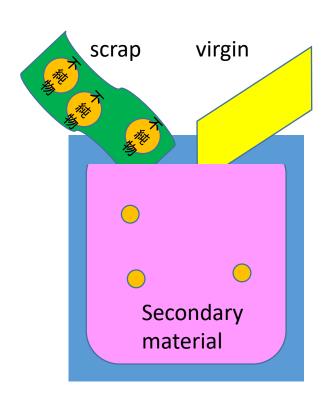


Recycle has three roles



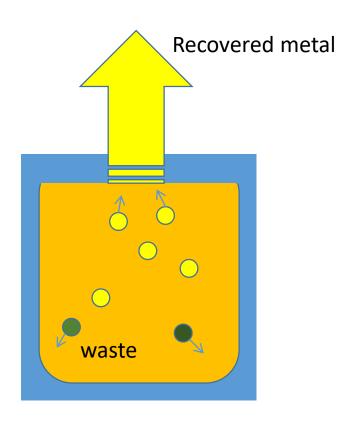


Two different types of recycling



Dilution-type

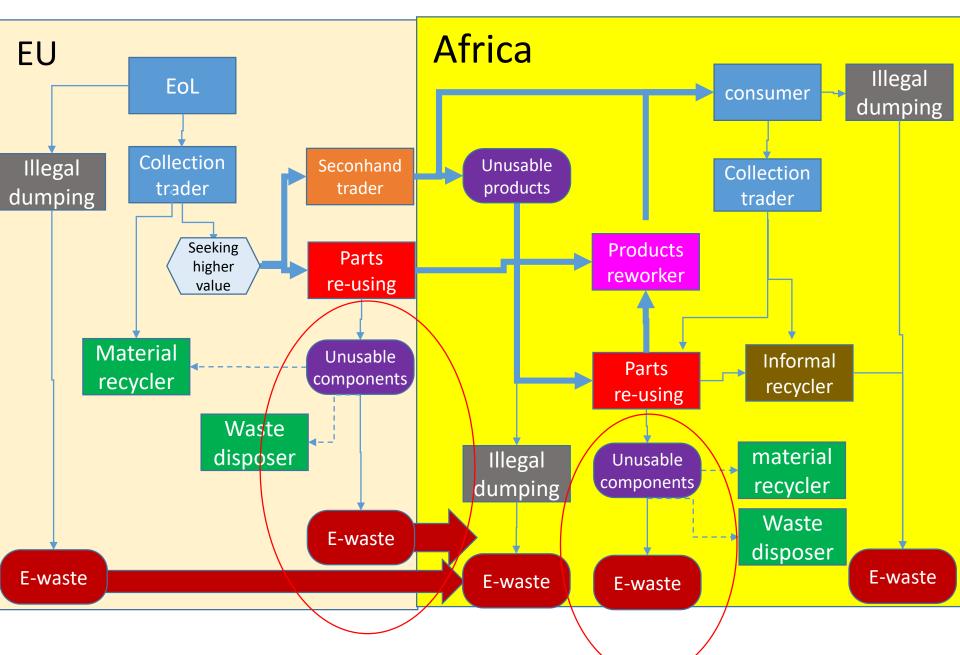
: Fe,Al,plastic, paper, glass De-grading of material

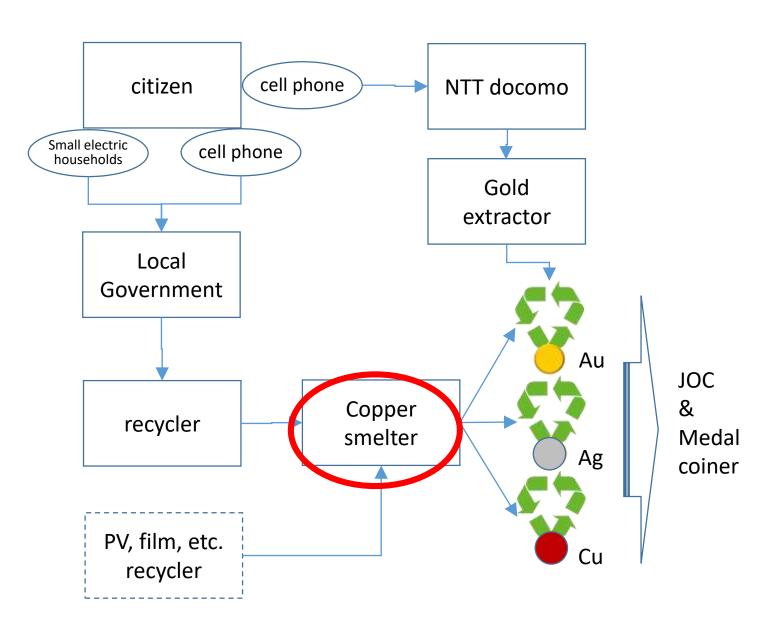


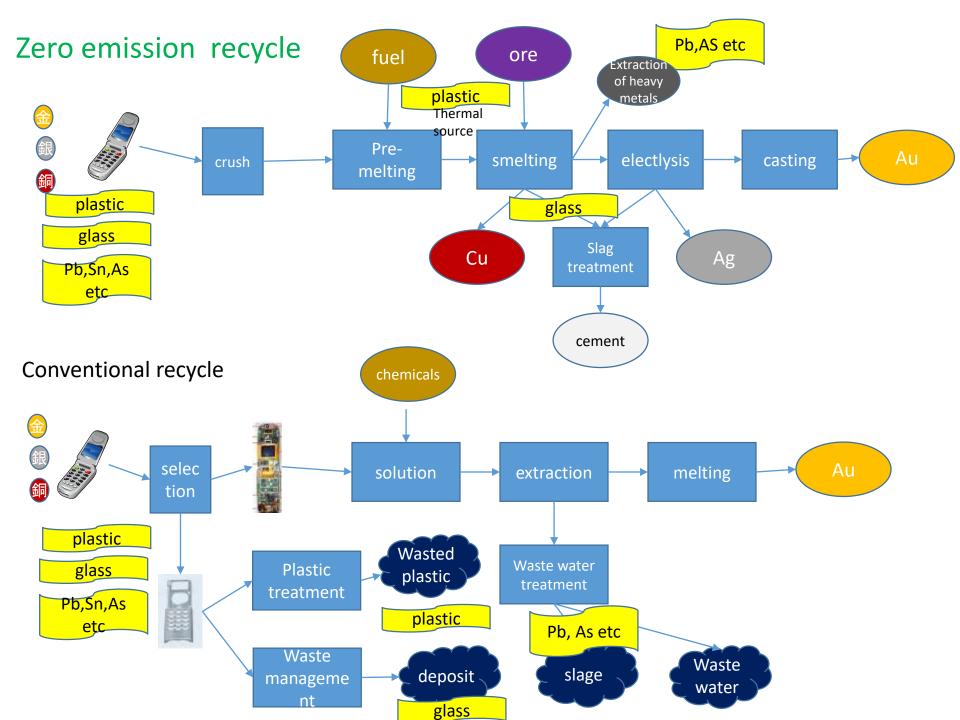
Extraction-type

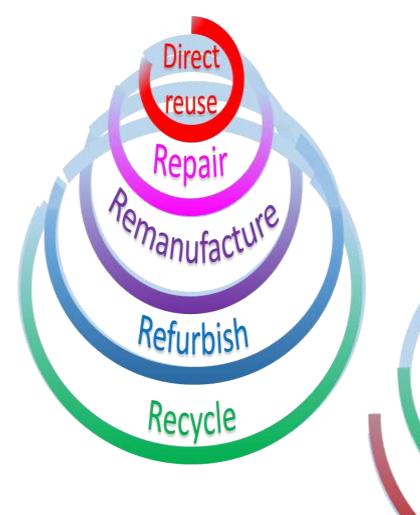
Rare metls, precious metals much waste than obtained

Structure of the issue of E-waste







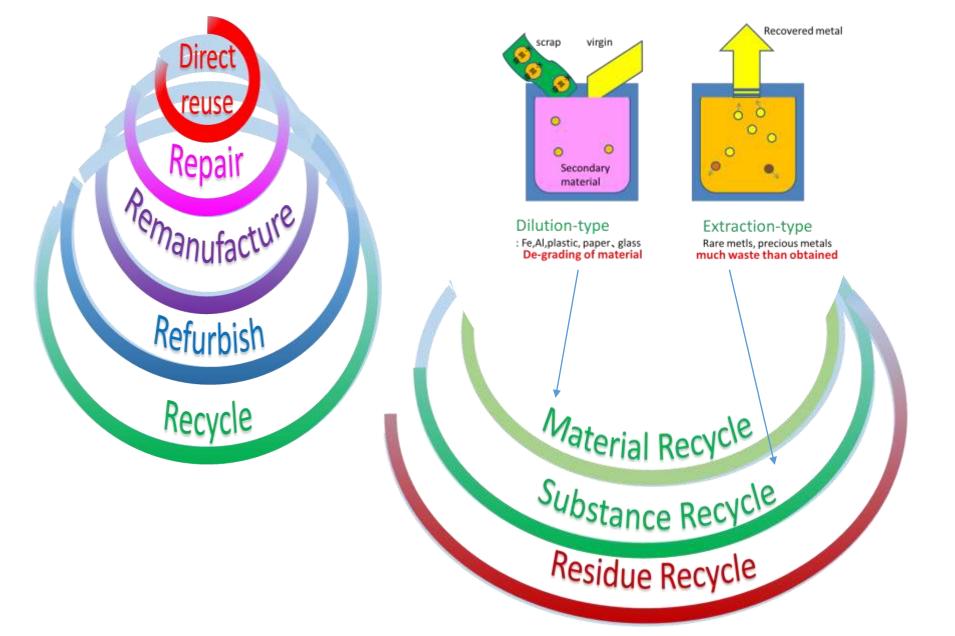


Material Recycle

Substance Recycle

Residue Recycle

Slag, Ash, Mud to Social infrastructure

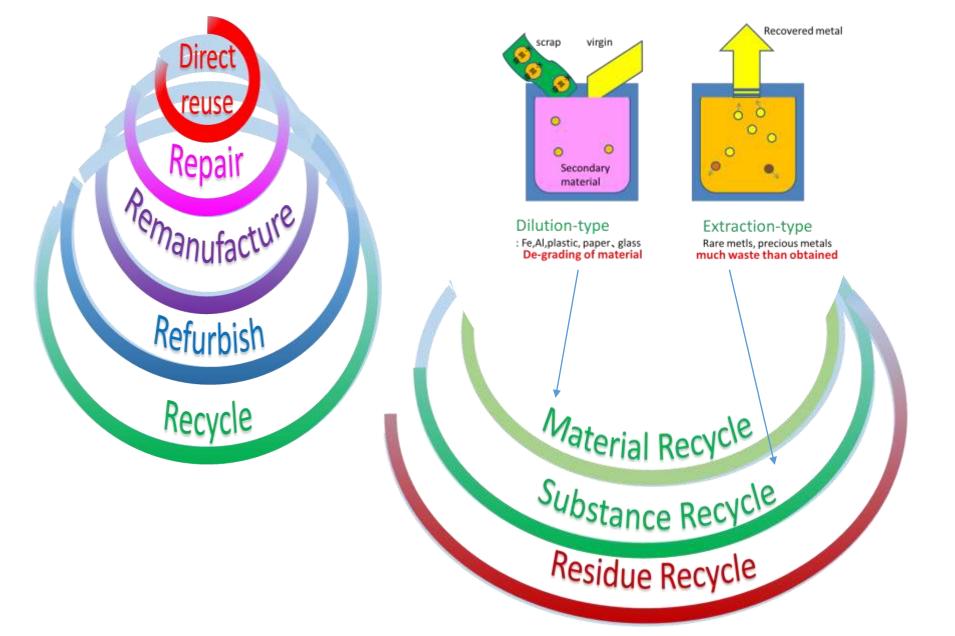


Technology for horizontal recycling

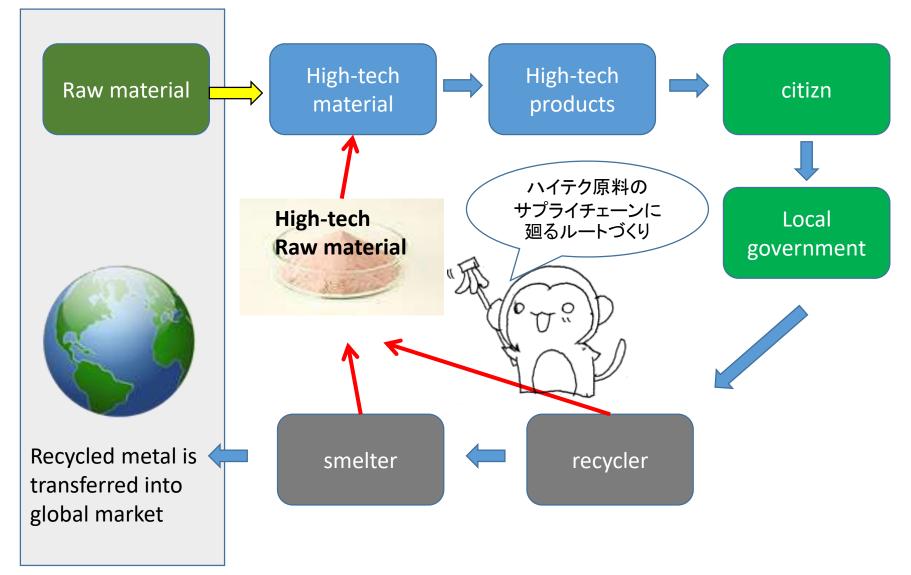
- Metal: control by structure not by composition
- Plastic: science of strength of polymer and additives

ceramic : healing technology of damage

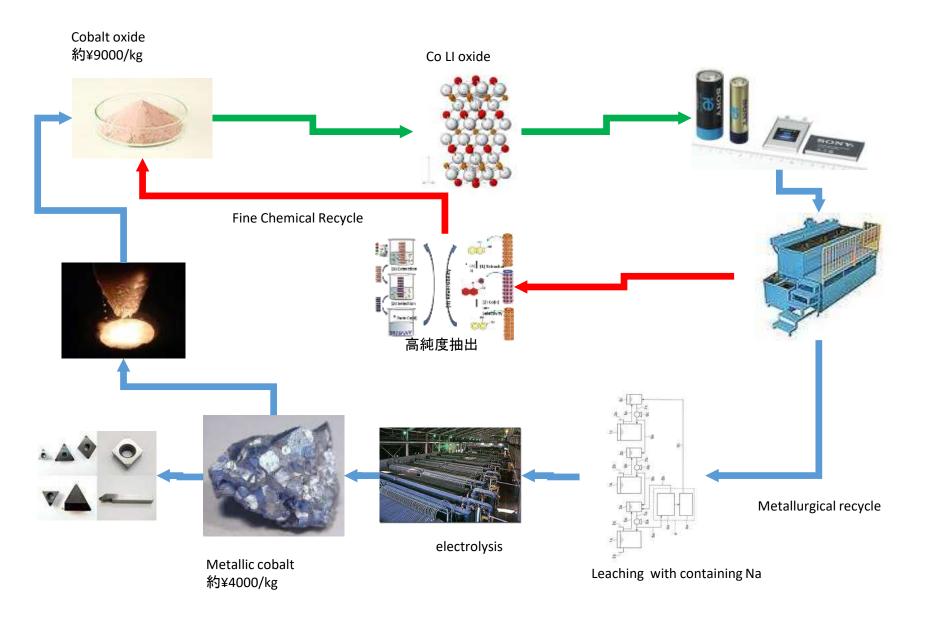


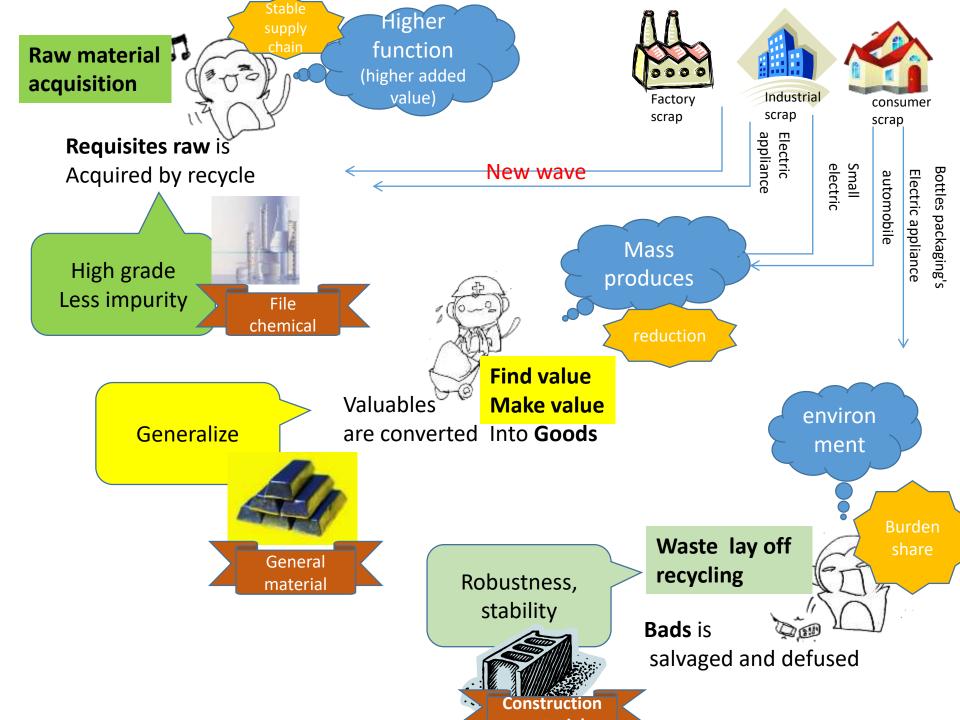


Recycling goes back to supply chain



Fine chemical recycle of Co from LiB







Fabricator generates high value secondary resources



超級工業からのW. Coの分類回収益数 (年度22年・建資金 (年度22年・ (年度22年 (年度22年

Fine chemical refining factory

Transported as half-finished raw material

But they have no facility To refine them.





Preliminary
Mobile recycle
comes to
generation site

Let us make the Mottainai World!

Wide-area Multi-value Circulation

Circular Economy of productive Asia

