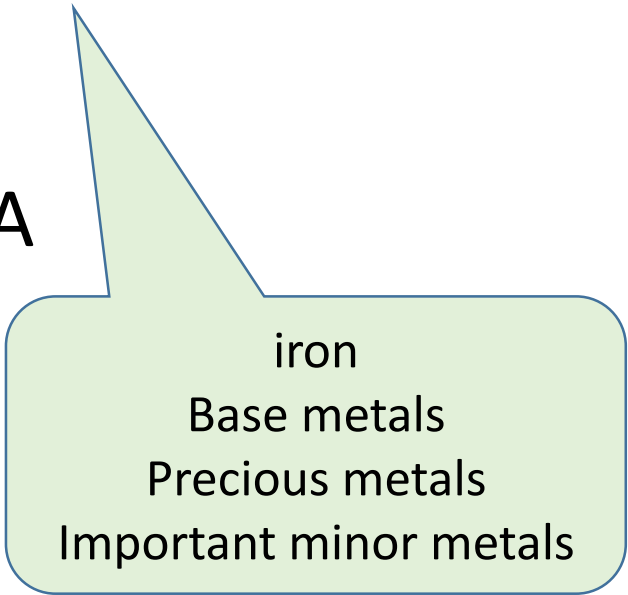


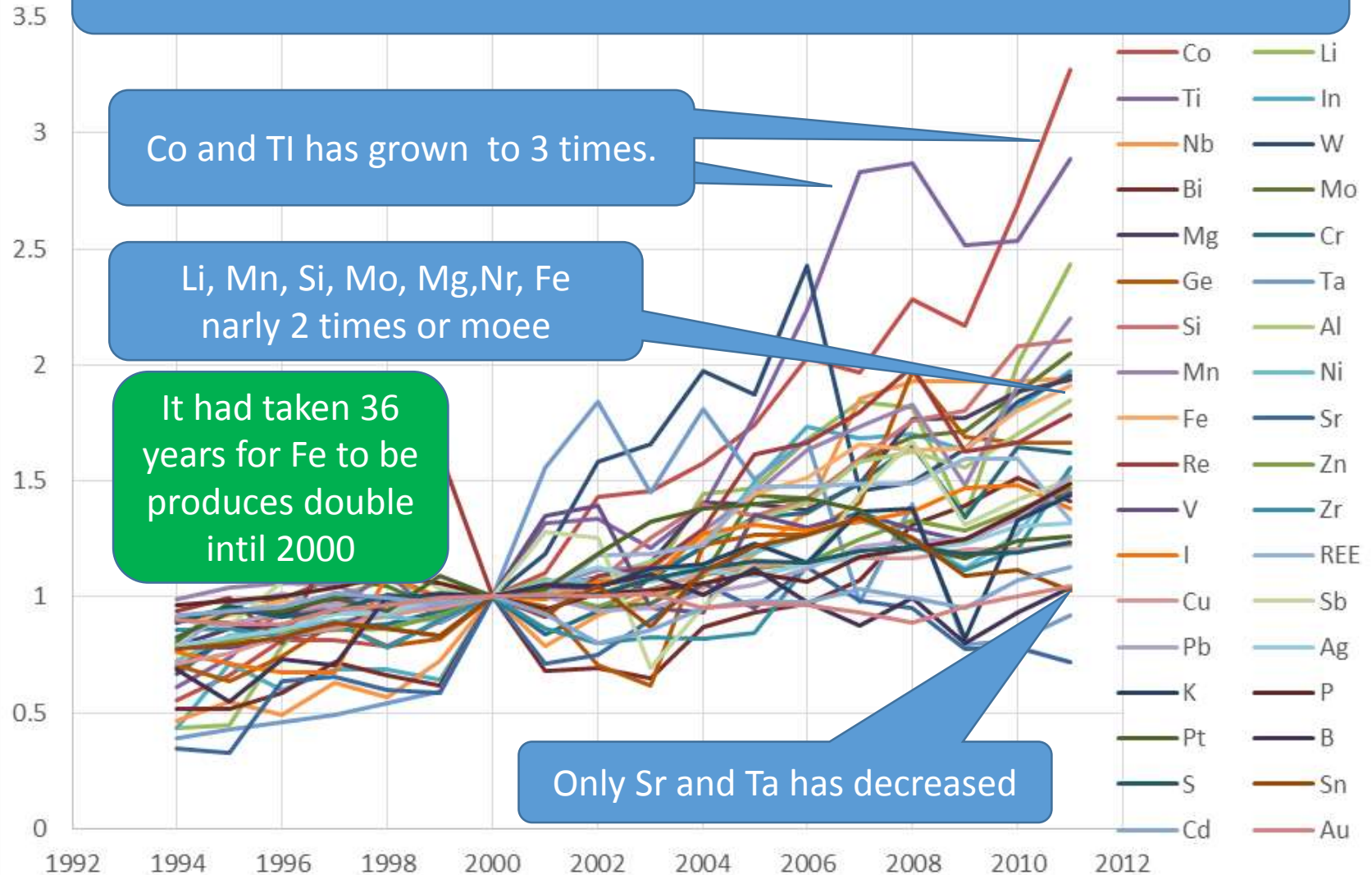
Historic Move of Current Global Flow of Strategic Metals

Kohmei HALADA



- iron
- Base metals
- Precious metals
- Important minor metals

These 15 years was turbulent fifteen years for strategic metals

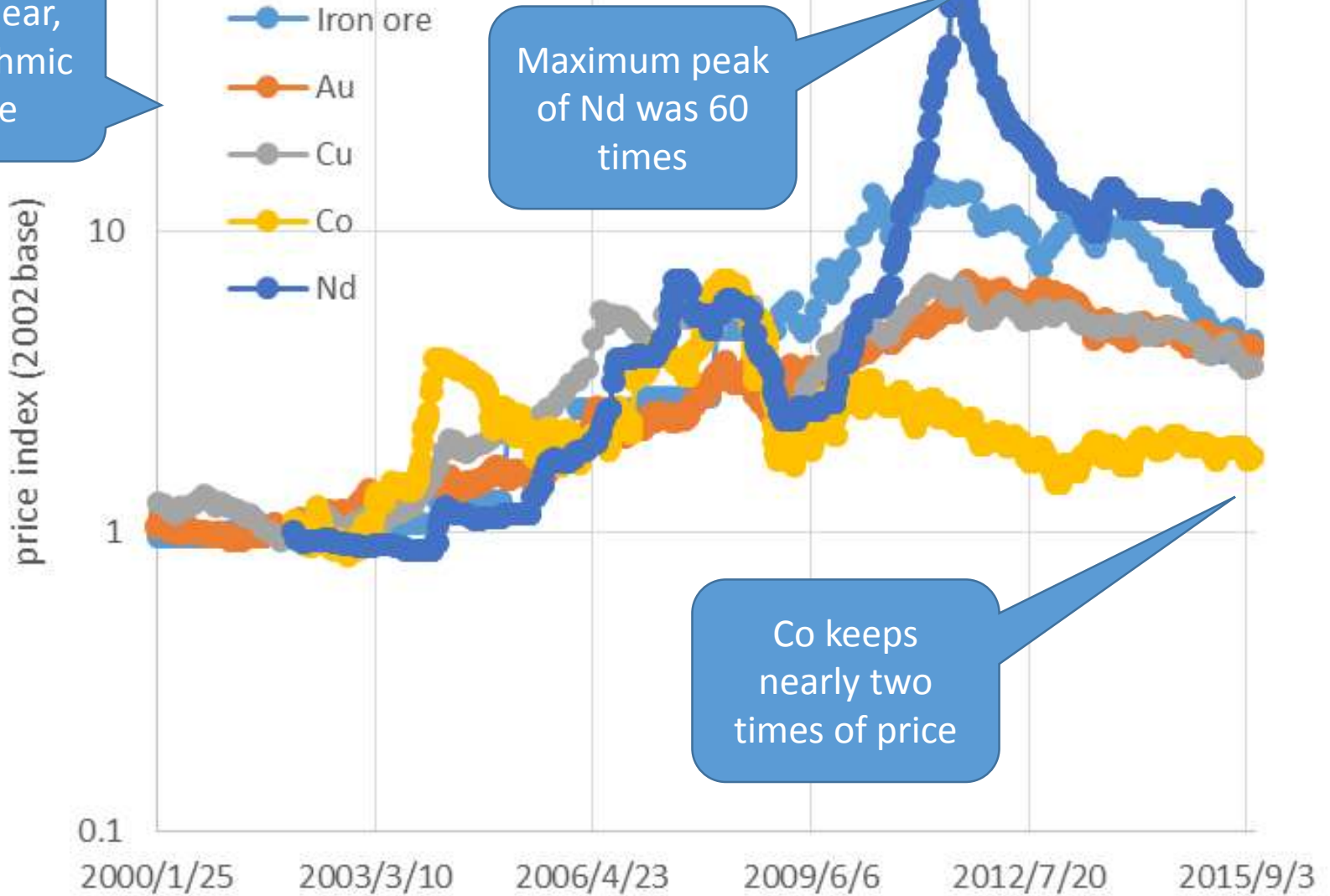


Prices have changed more drastically

Not linear,
Logarithmic
scale

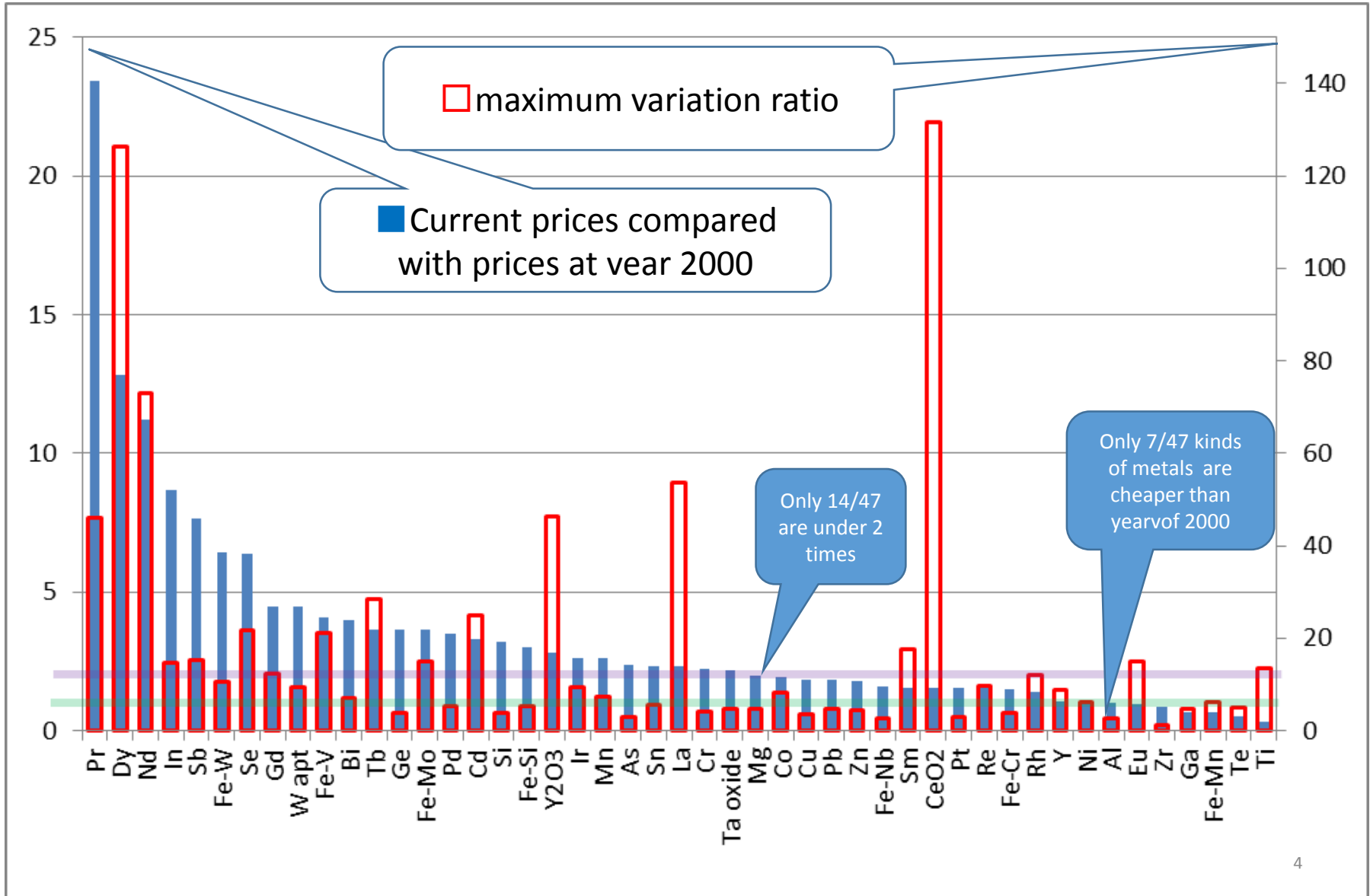
Maximum peak
of Nd was 60
times

Co keeps
nearly two
times of price

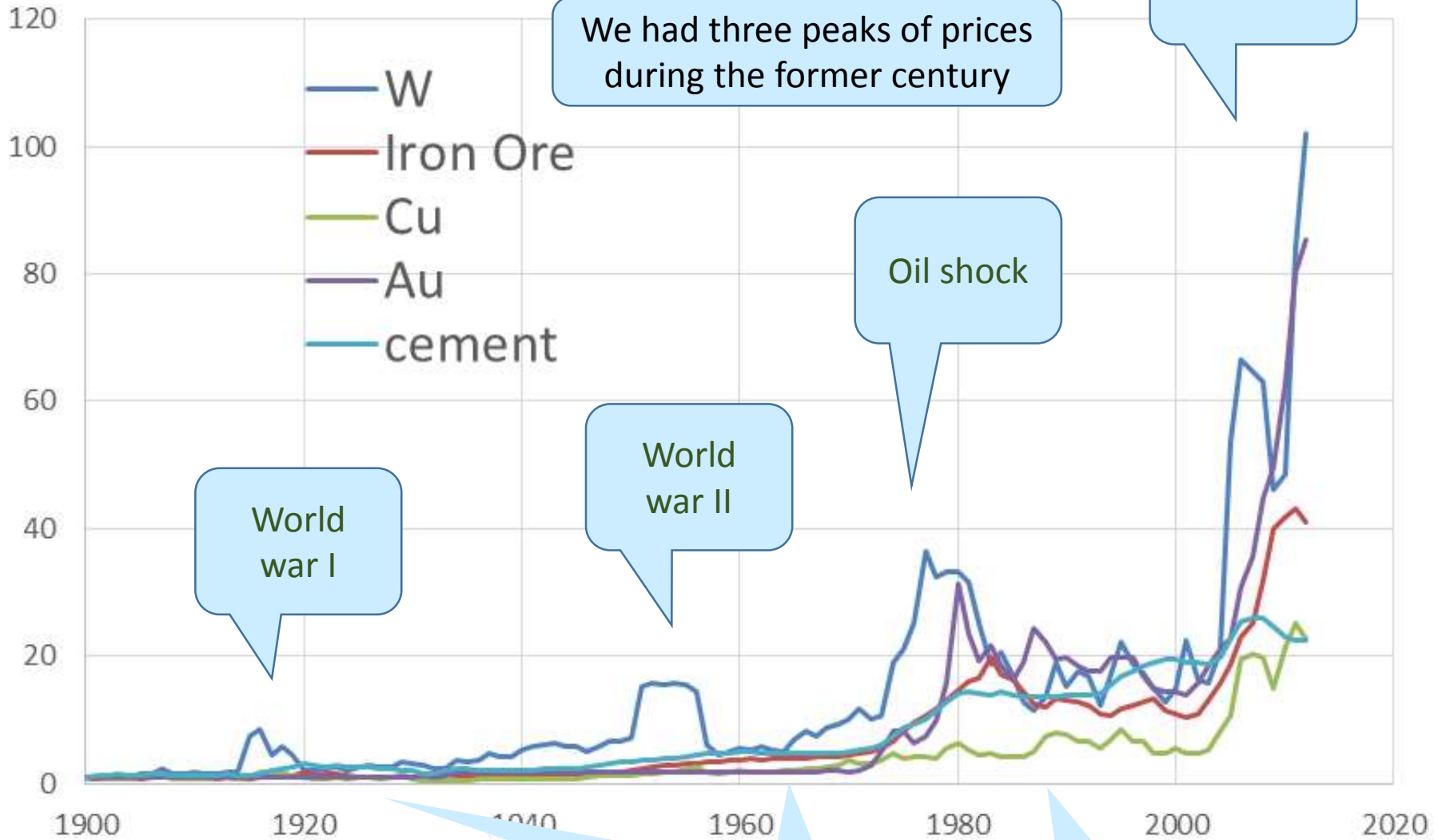


From several dozens times to more than a hundred times of price swing occurred In these 15 years.

Prices stays higher level comparing the prices at the beginning of this century



Historical resource price from 1900



We had three peaks of prices during the former century

now

World war I

World war II

Oil shock

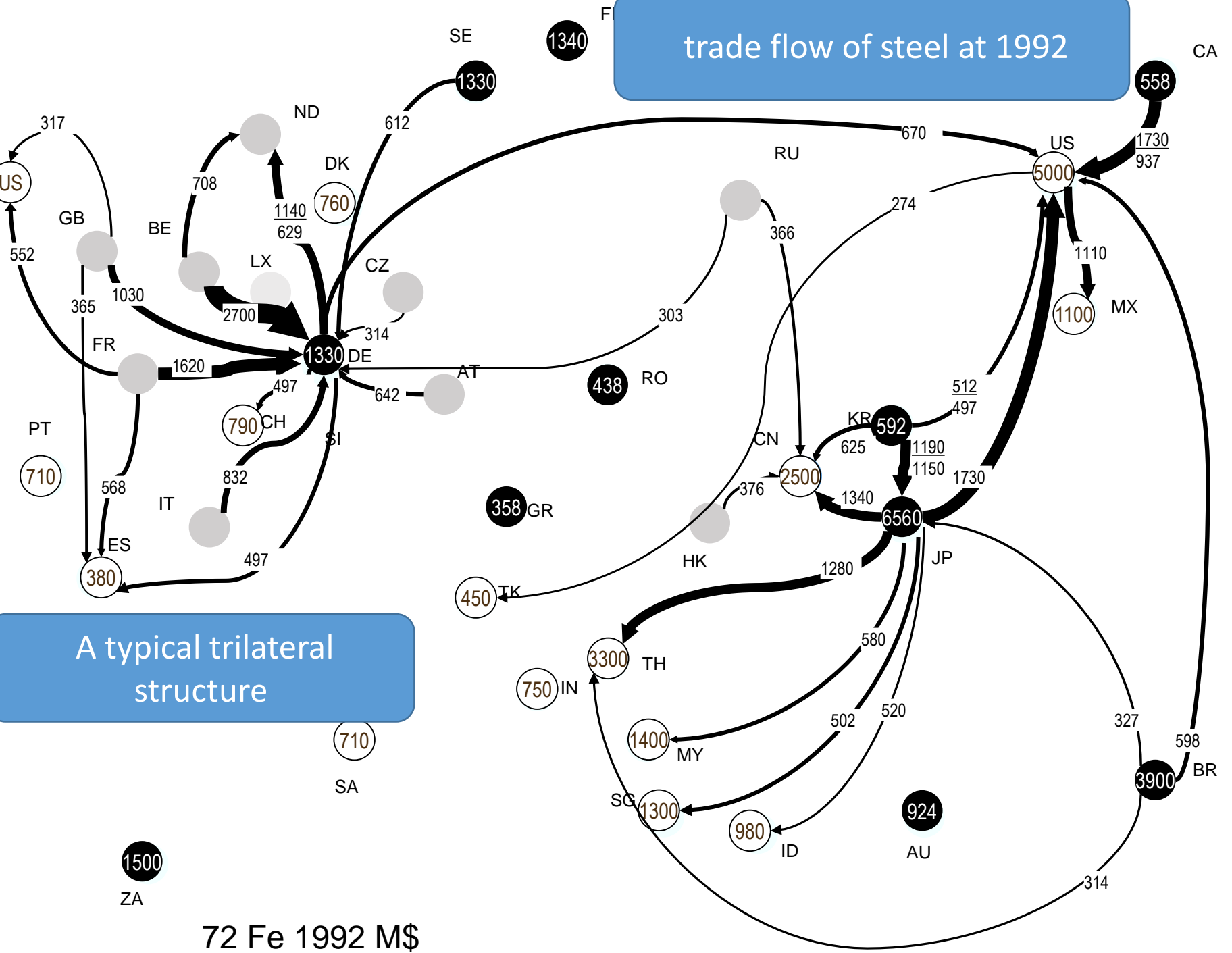
After the peak, prices shifted higher levels

What is happening ? What will come after?

Shift form the structure of the 20th century
to the 21th century.

From **trilateral structure** of EU, US, JP
to *universal power economy* through “**the
factory of the world**”

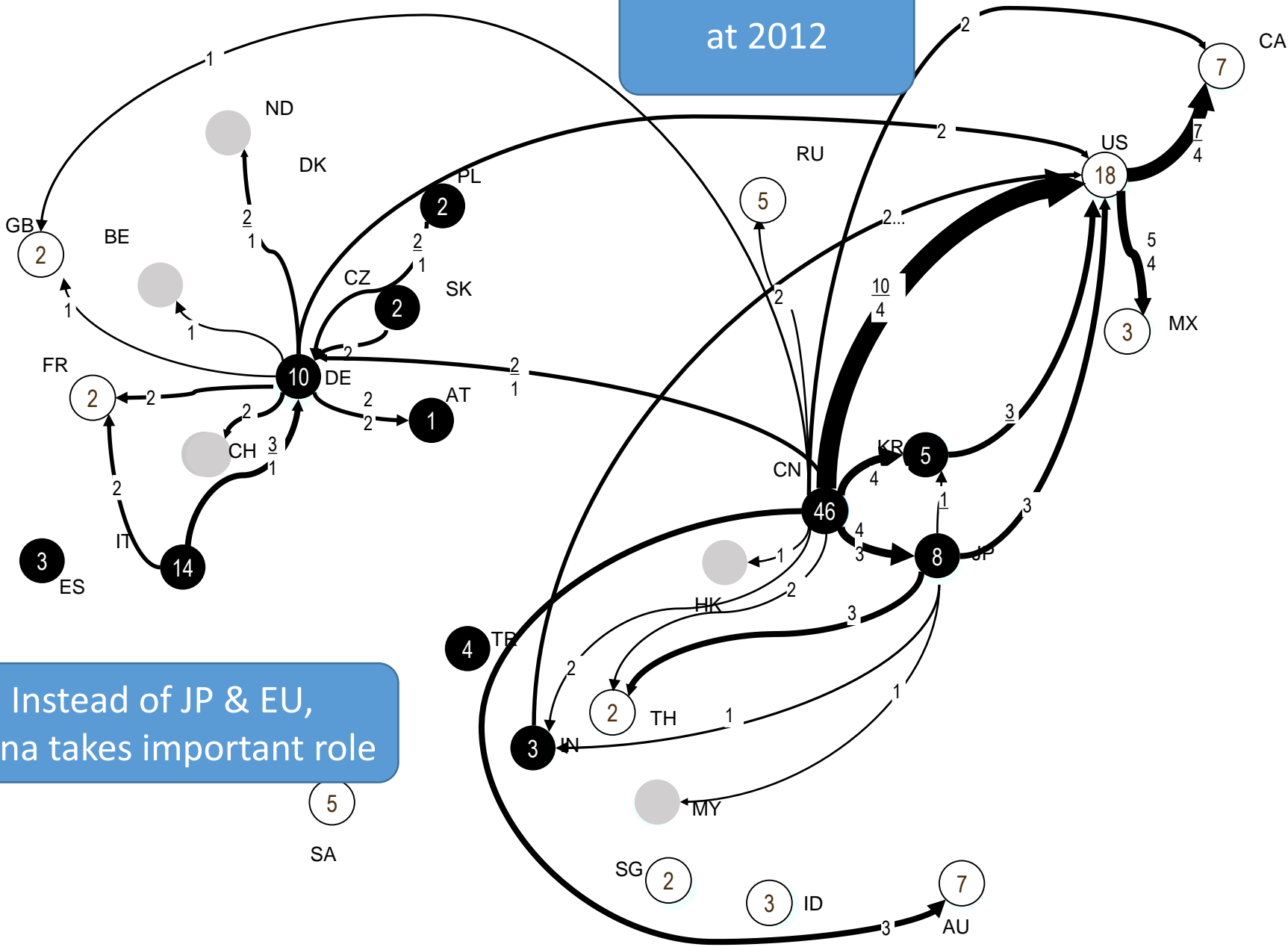
trade flow of steel at 1992



A typical trilateral structure

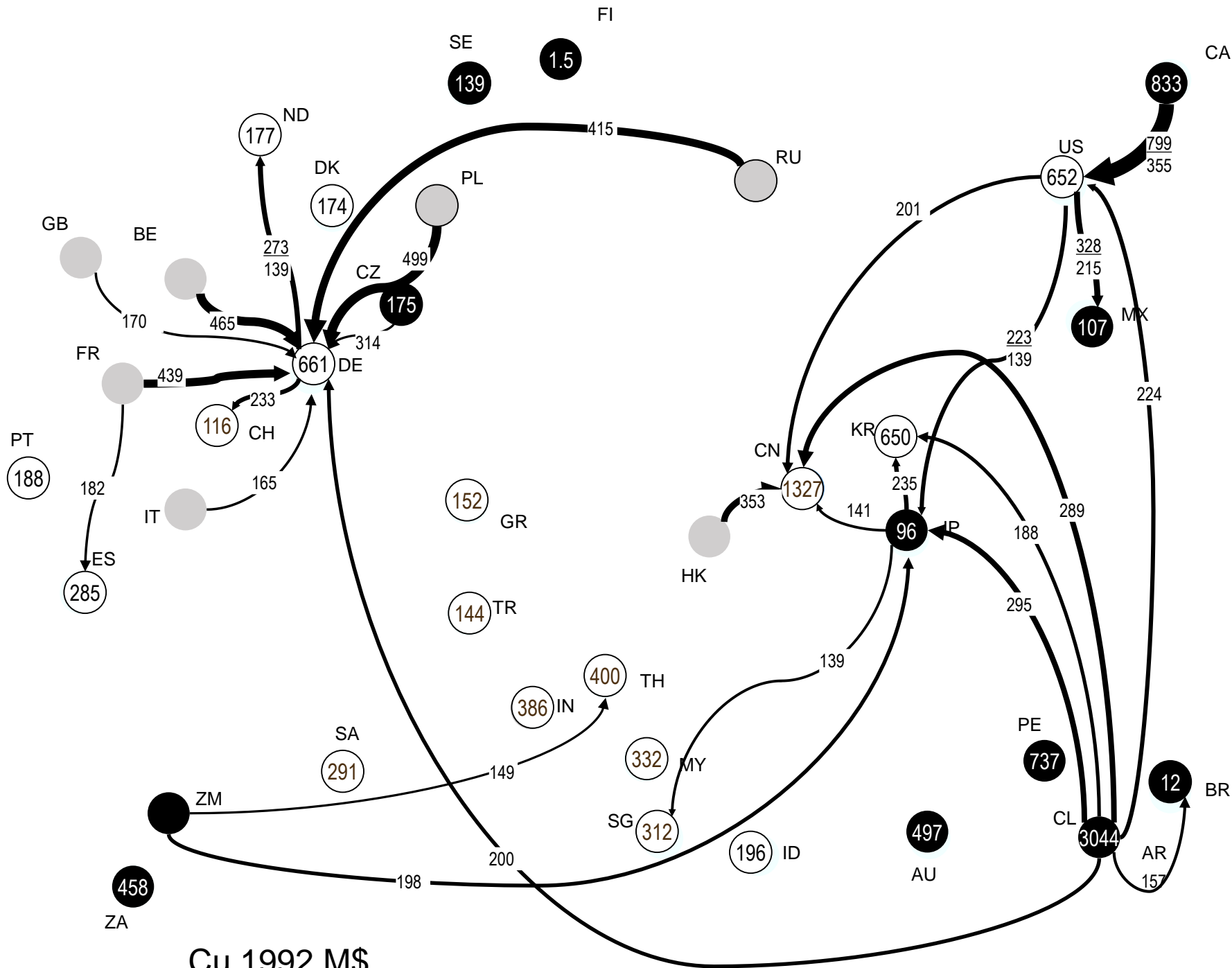
72 Fe 1992 M\$

at 2012

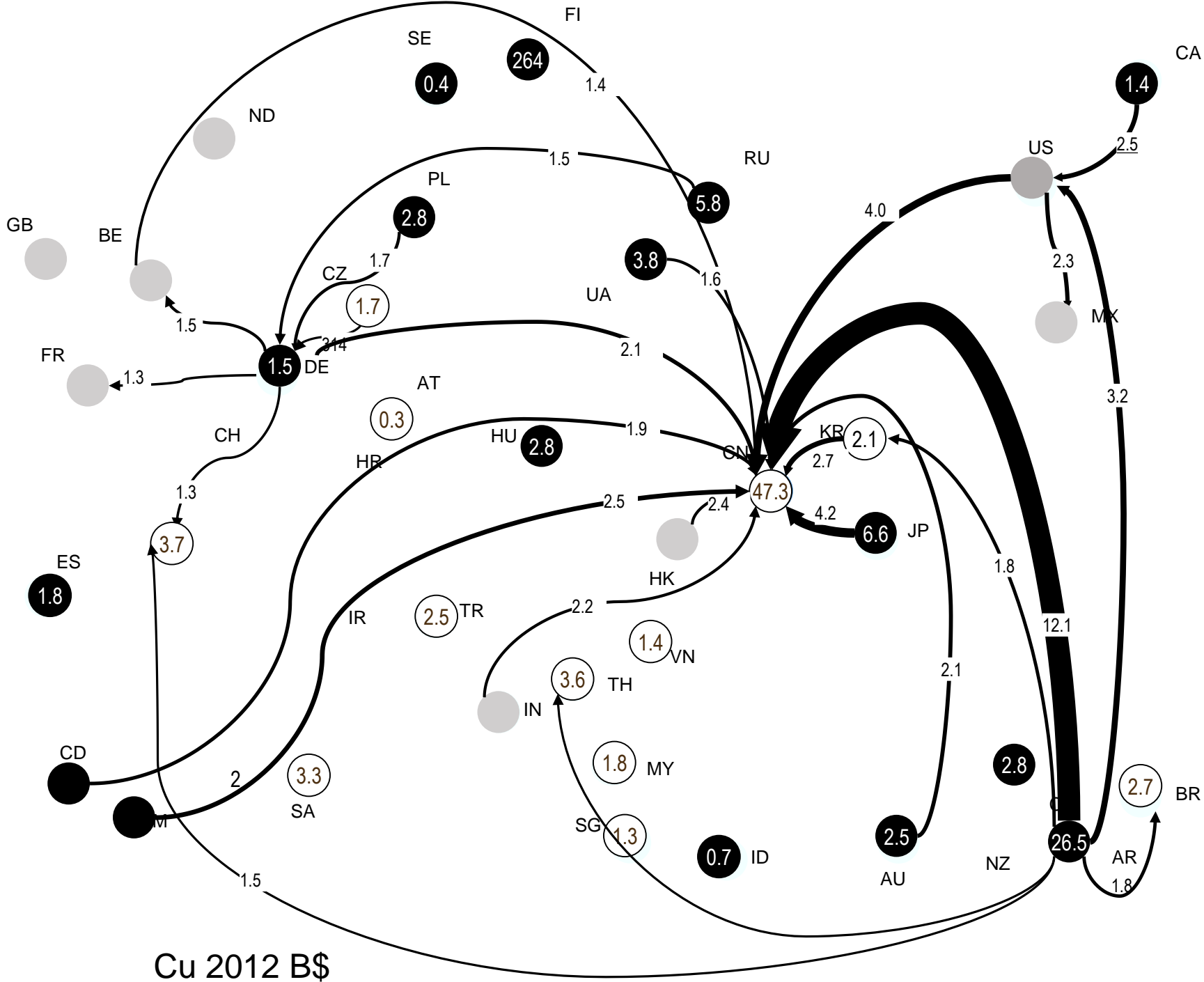


Instead of JP & EU, China takes important role

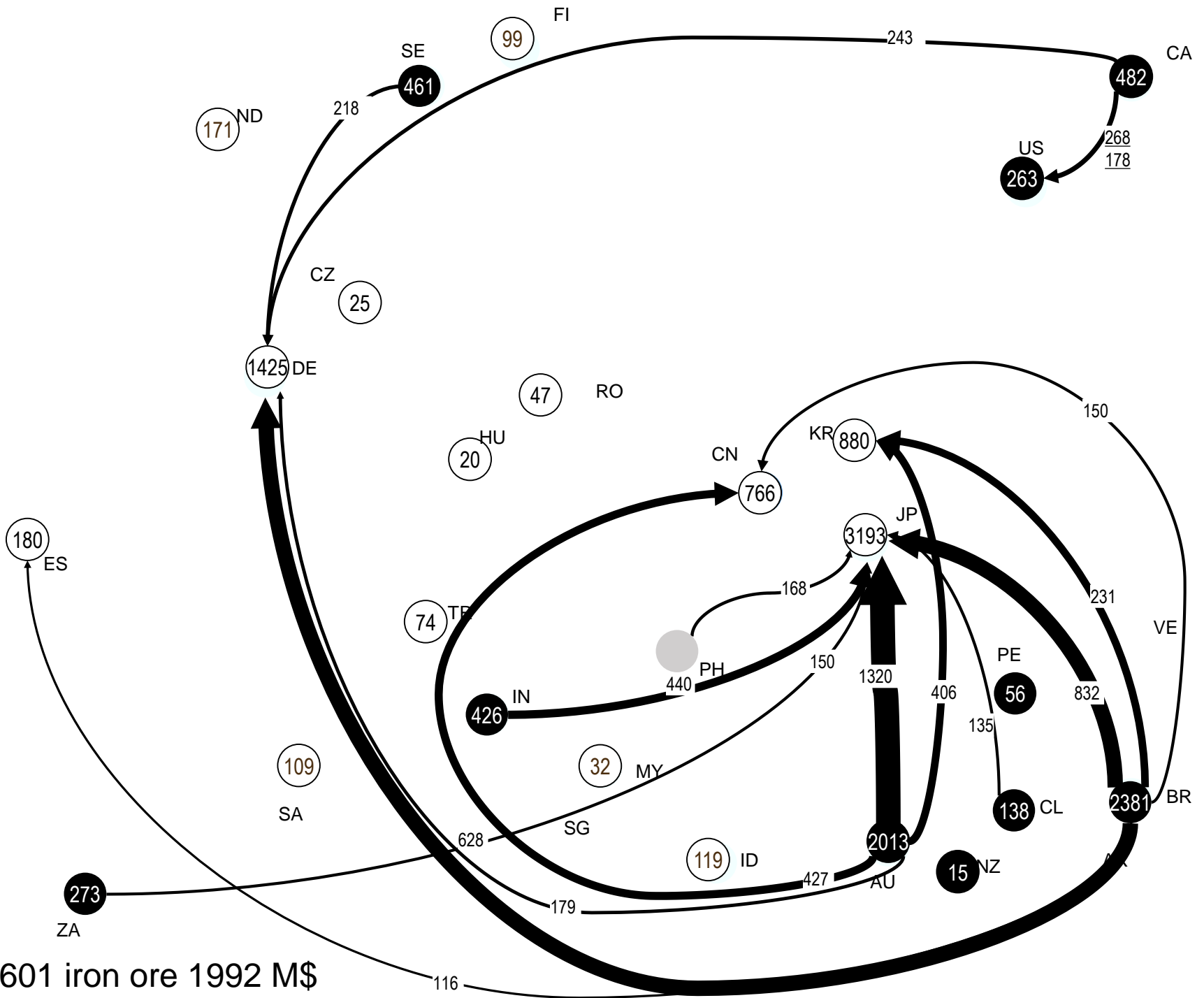
72 Fe 2012 B\$

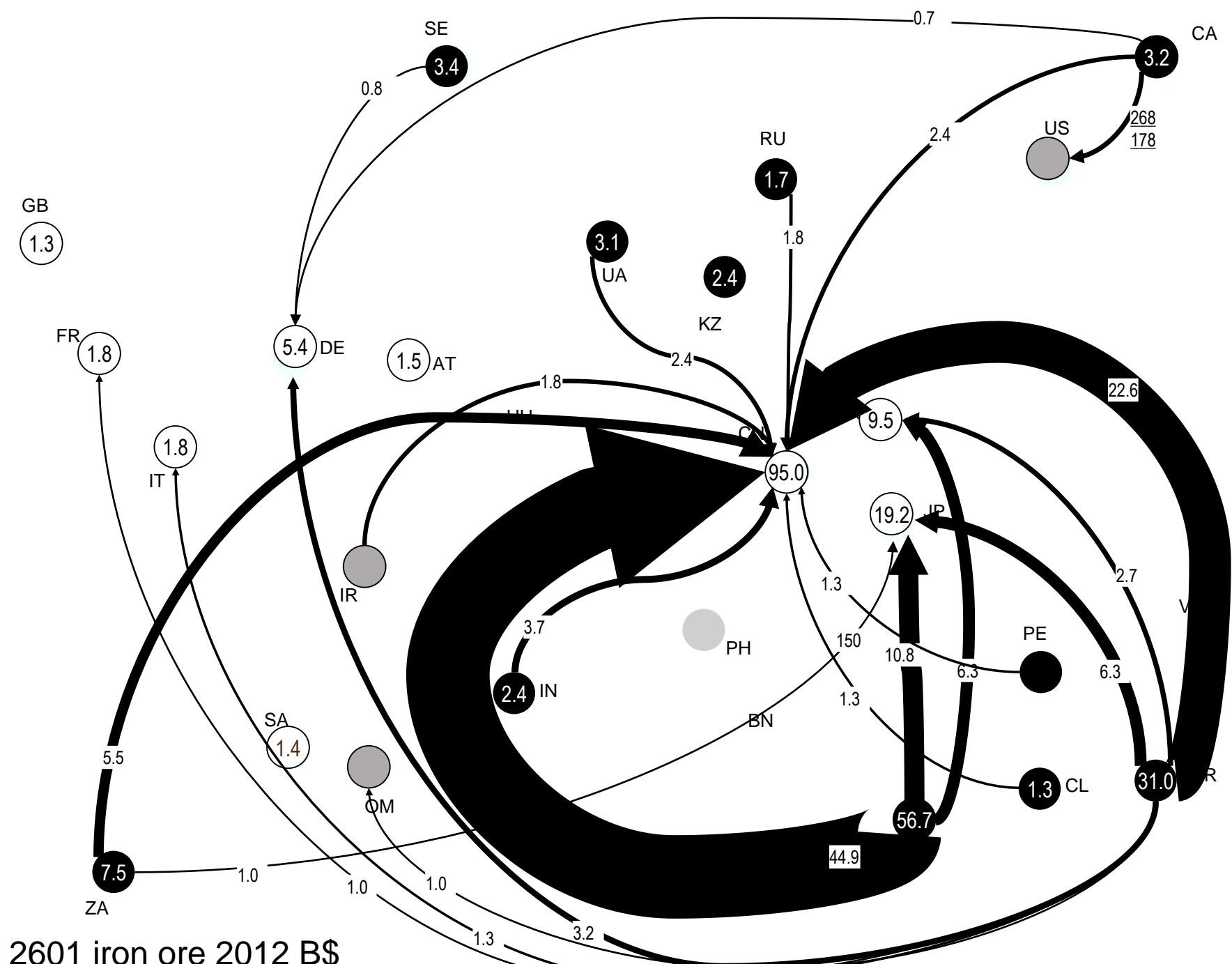


Cu 1992 M\$



2601 iron ore 1992 M\$

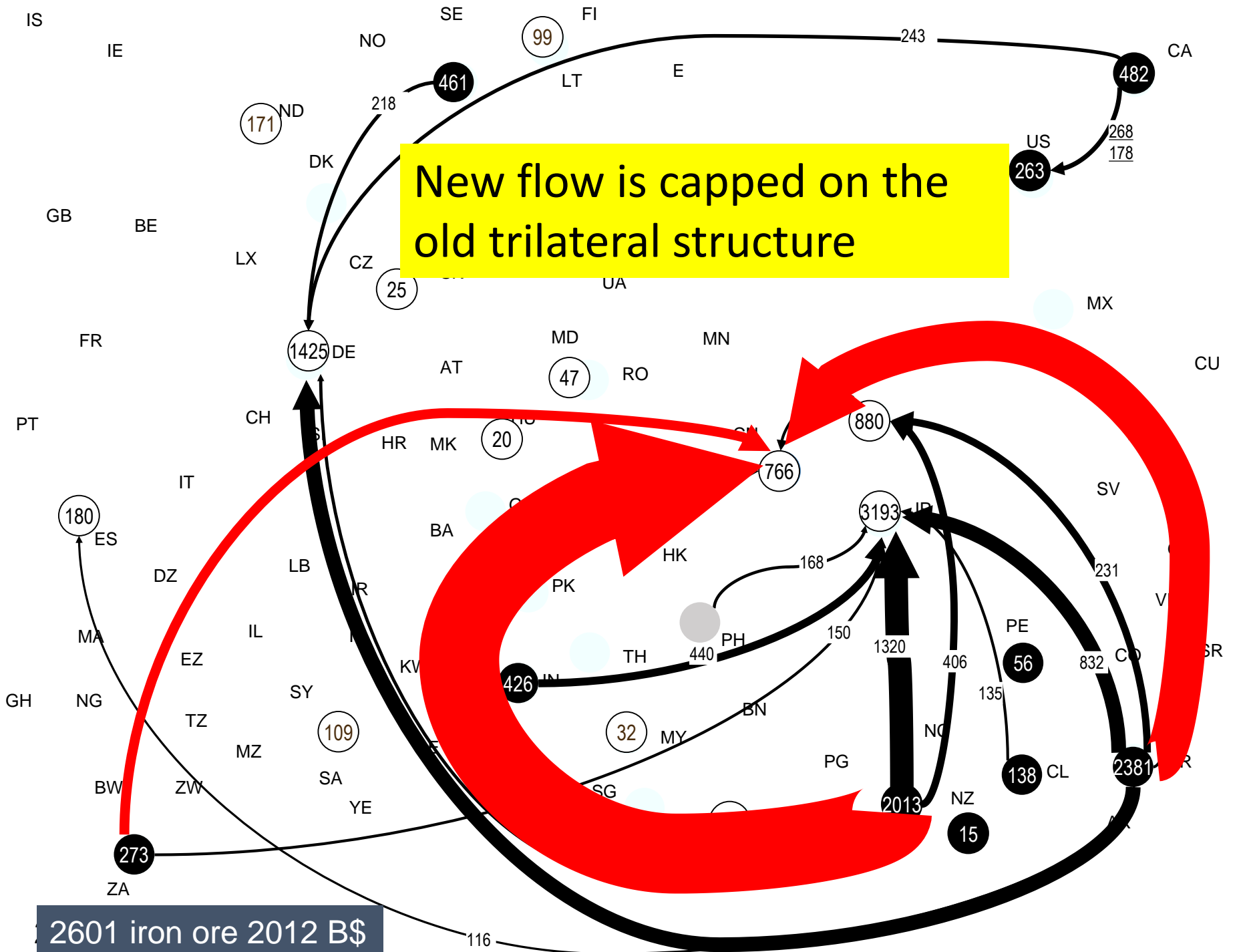


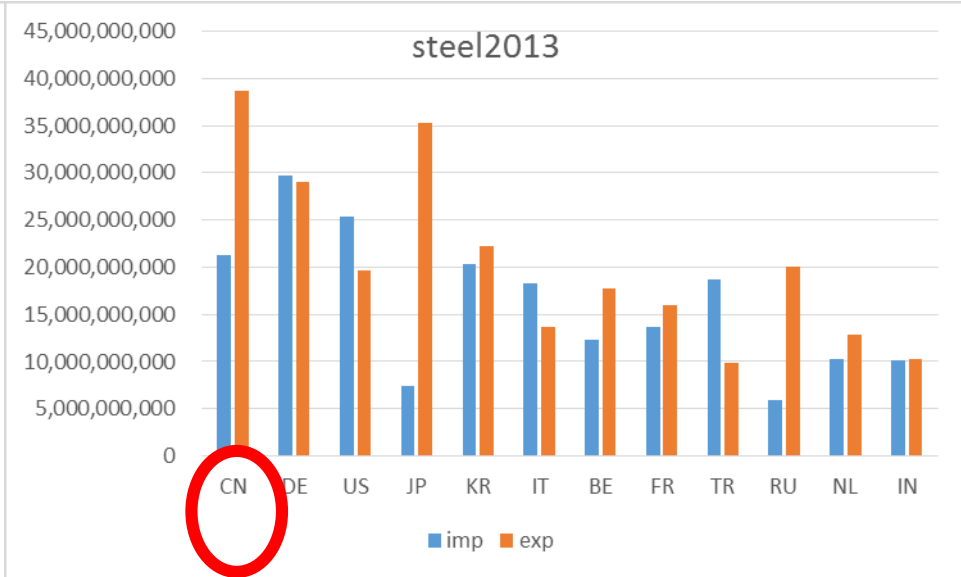
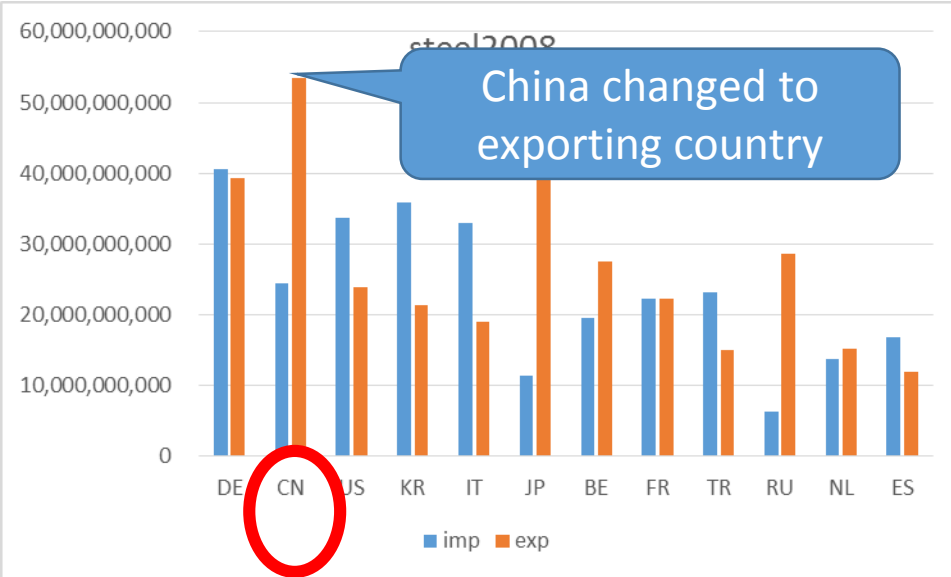
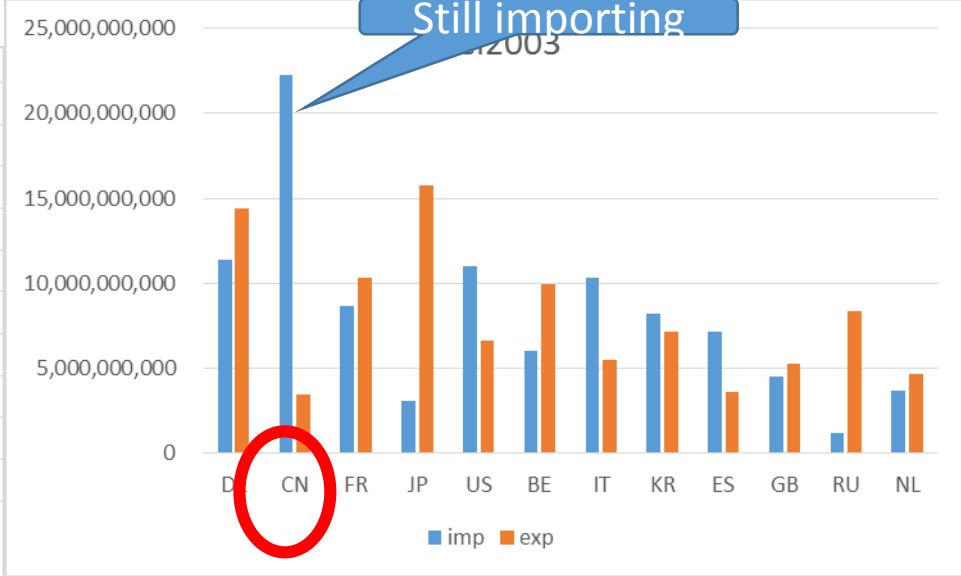
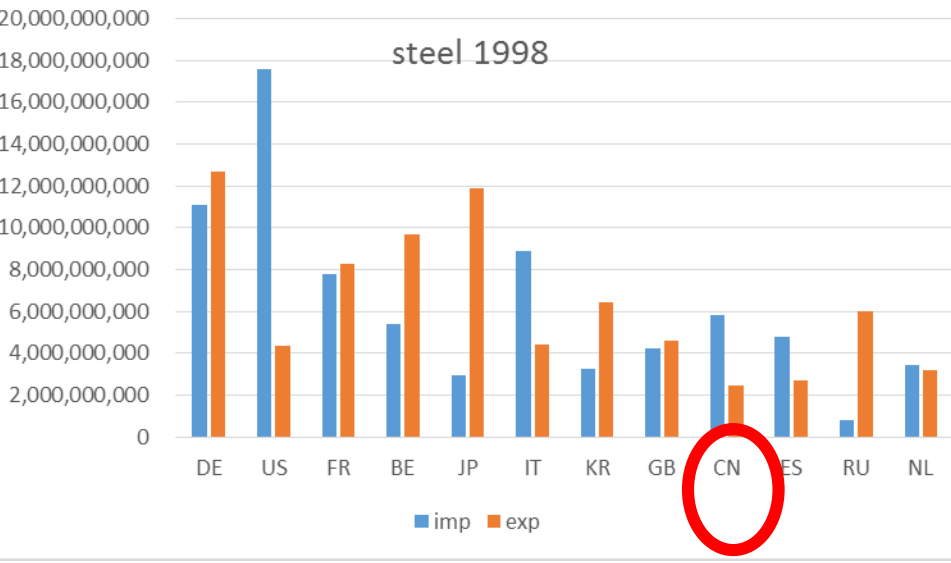


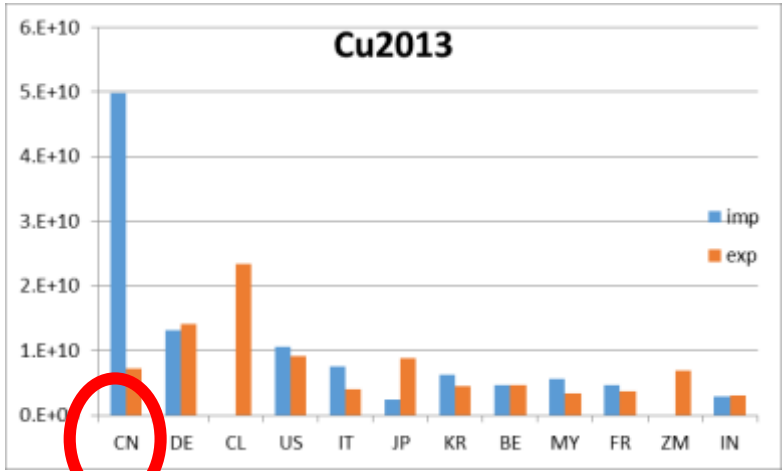
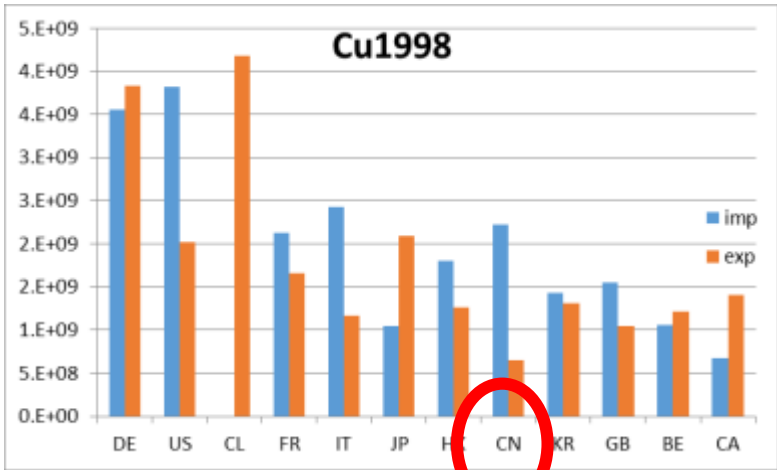
2601 iron ore 2012 B\$

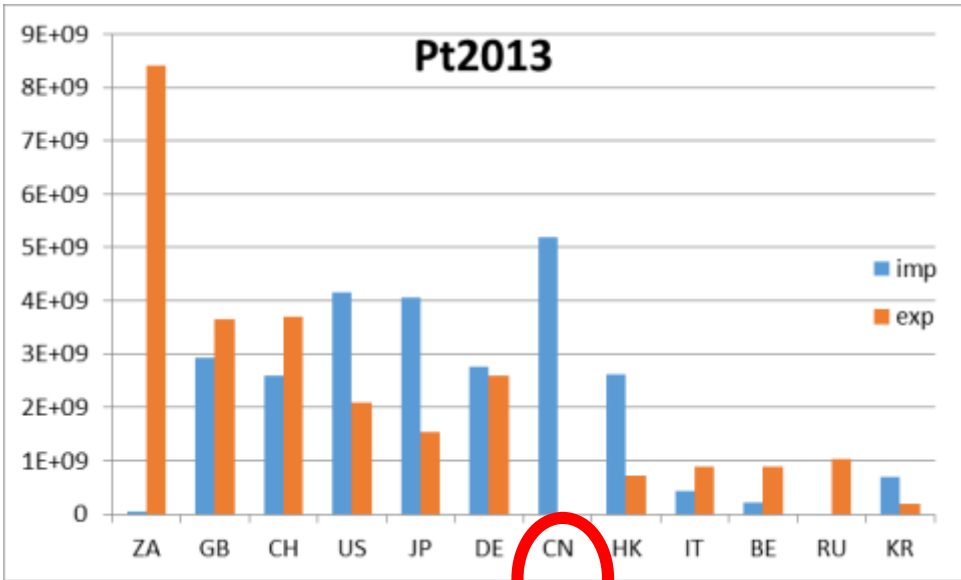
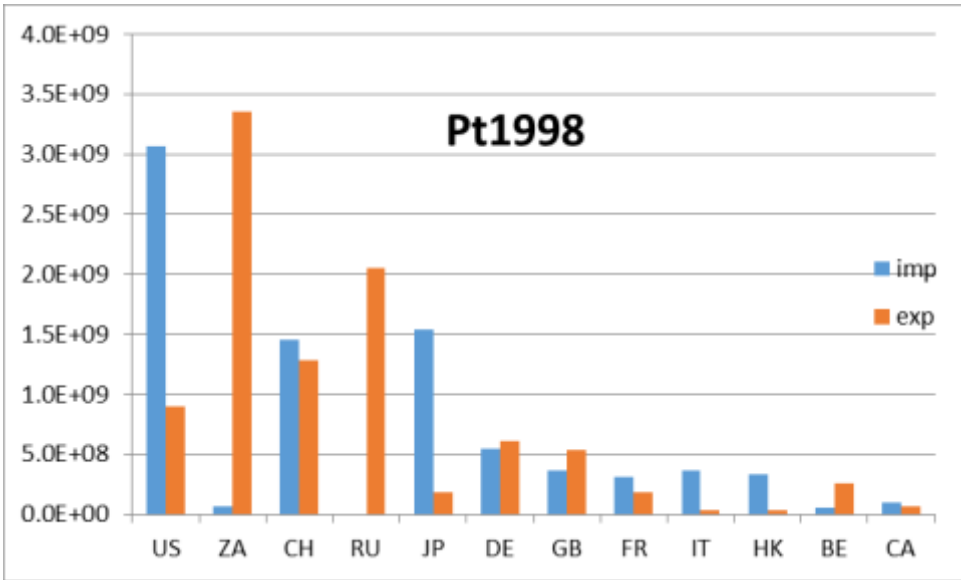
New flow is capped on the old trilateral structure

2601 iron ore 2012 B\$







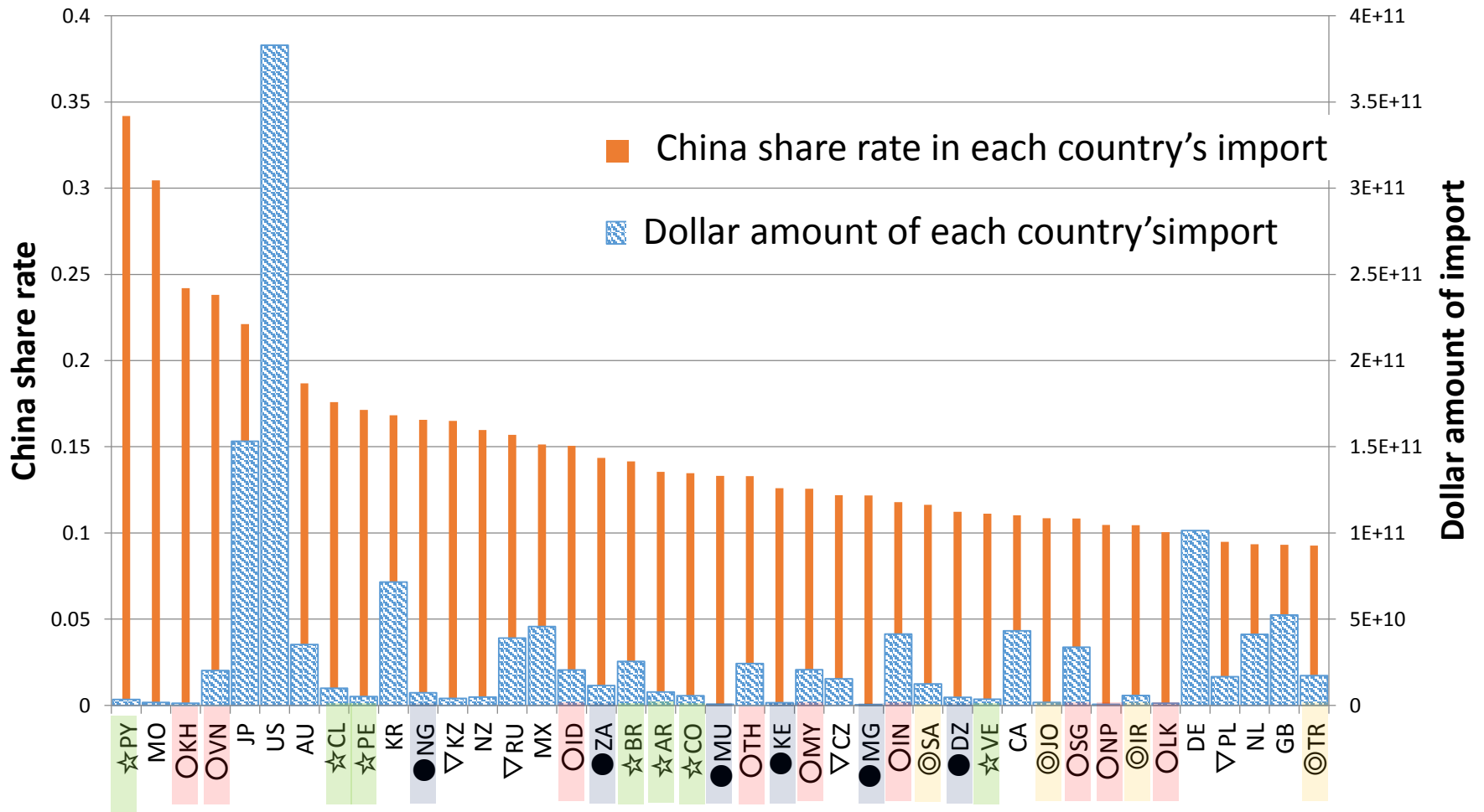


	Import		Export			Import		Export	
	1998	2013	1998	2013		1998	2013	1998	2013
Fe	US		JP	CN	W	DE	DE	US	CN
Cu	US	CN	CL	CL	Mo	DE	KR	AT	CN
Ni	US	CN	CA	CA	Ta	MX	US	US	CN
Al	US			CN	Co	US	CN	CA	
Zn	US	CN	CA	CA	Au		HK	KR	GB
Pb	US	US	AU	AU	Ag	GB	(IN)		(MX)
Mg	US		CN	CN	Pt	US	CN	ZA	ZA

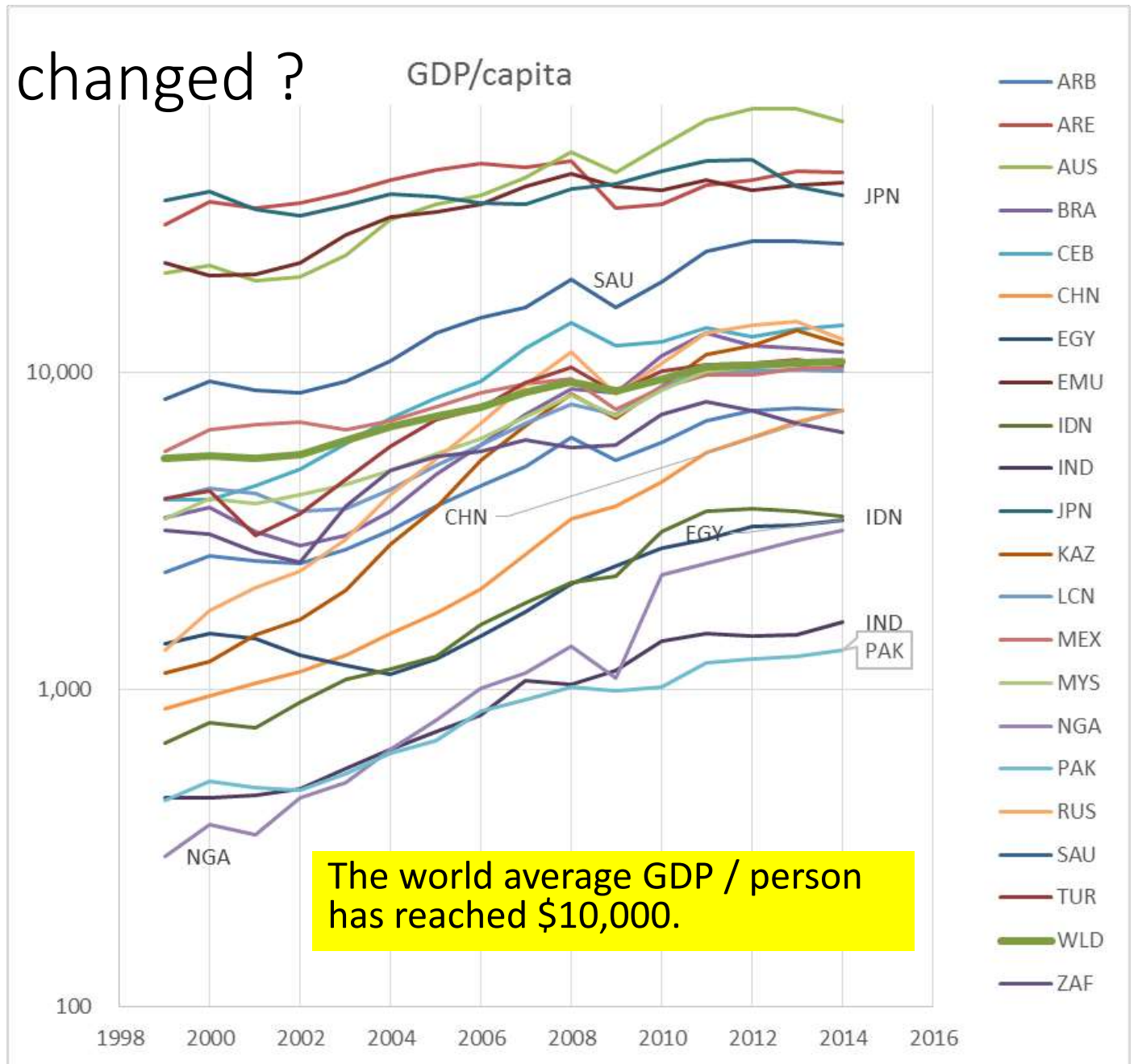
Table 1: change of leading country of each metal trade from 1998 to 2013

China exports products to developing countries all over the world as “the factory of the world.”

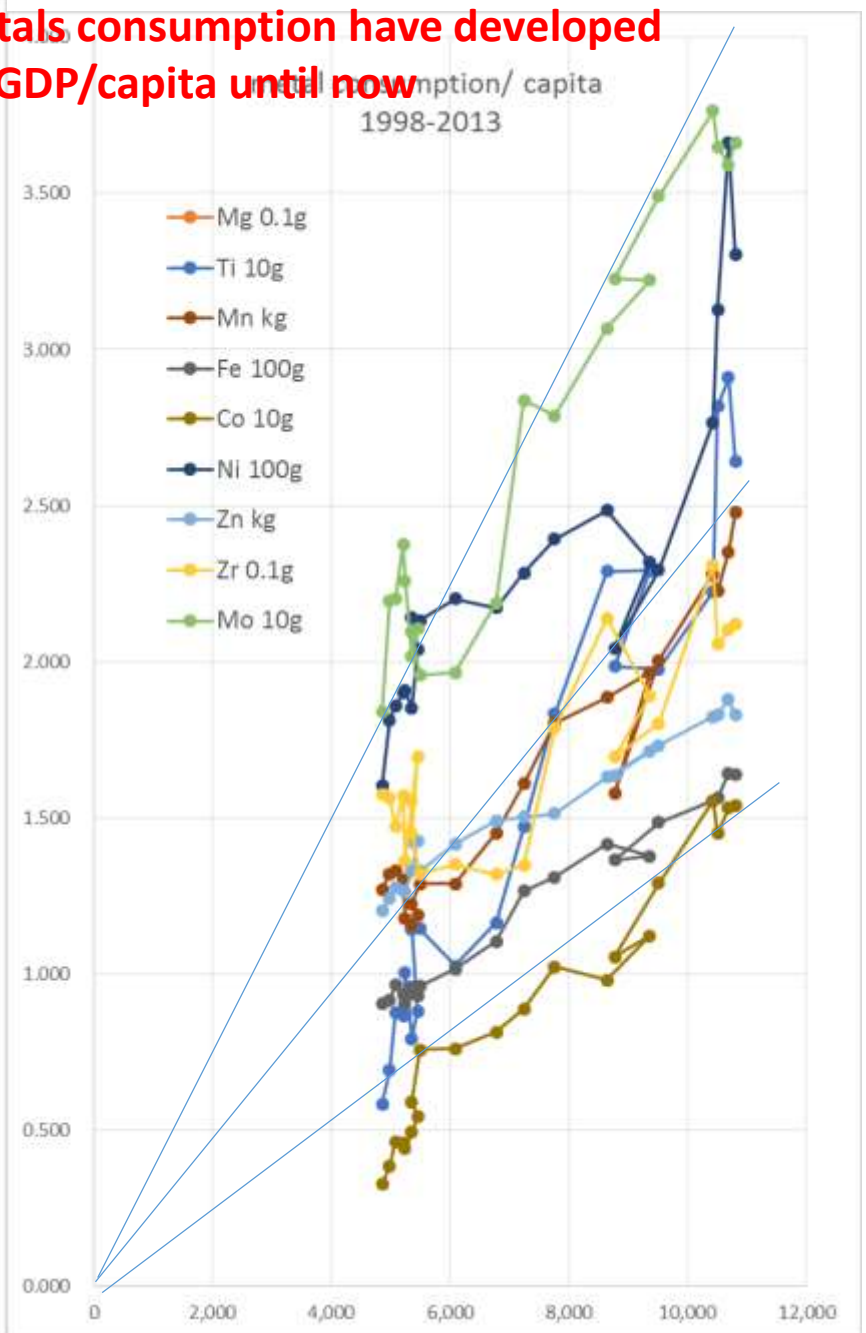
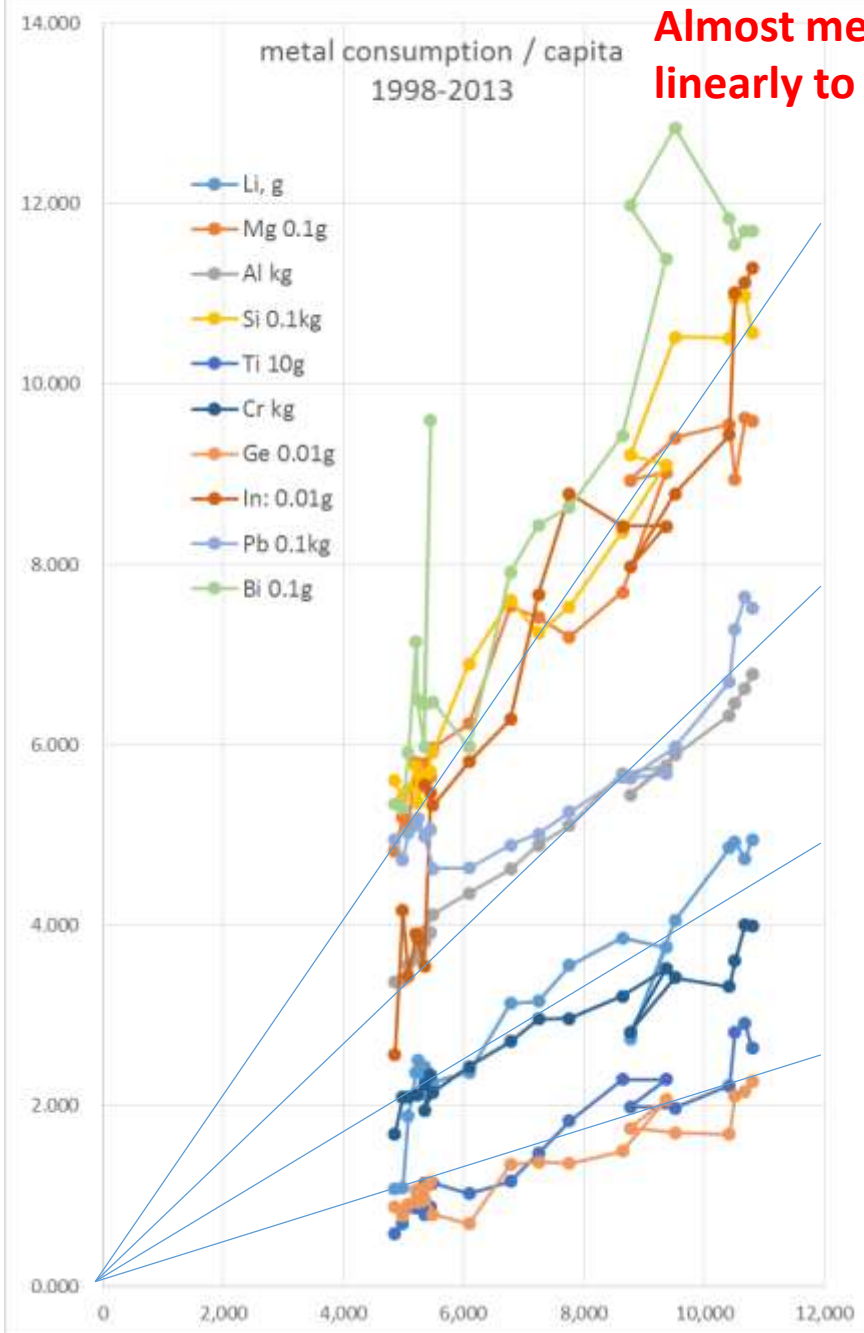
Behind the concentration of resources to China, the requirement of developing countries exists widely.

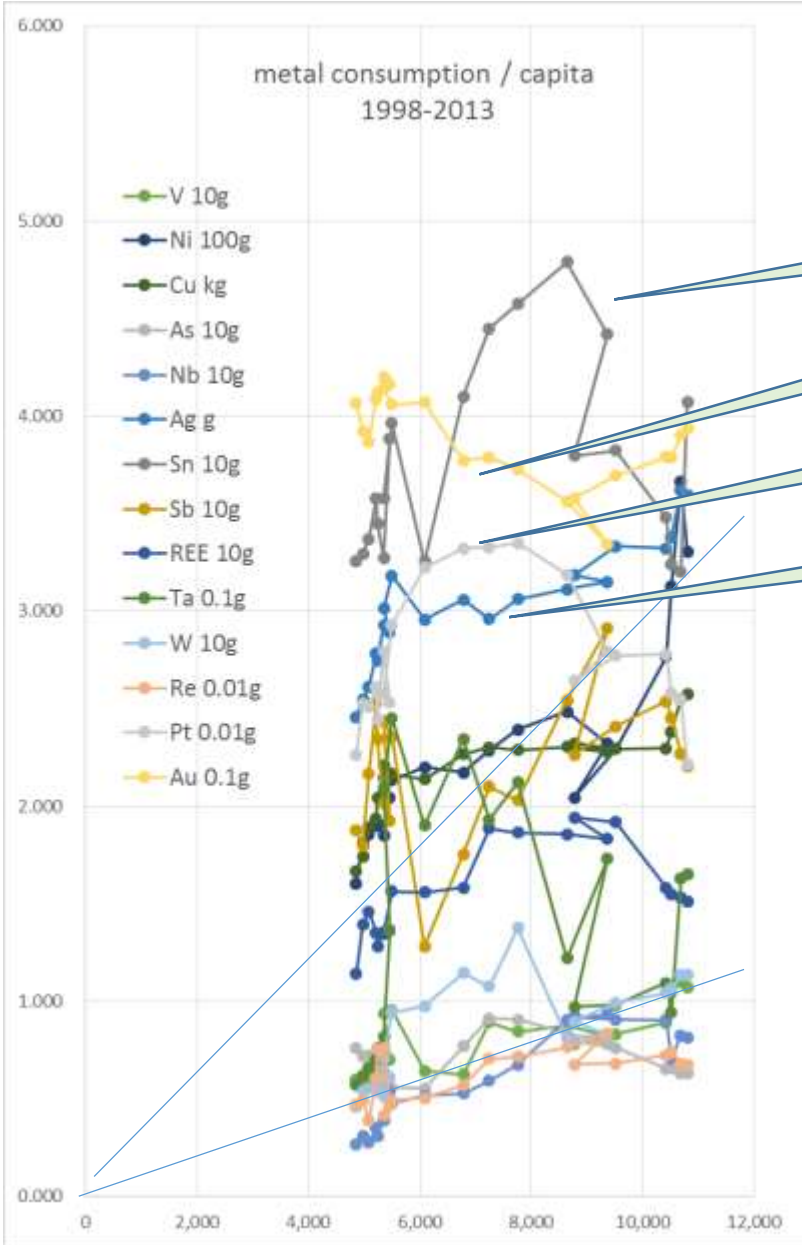


What has changed ?



Almost metals consumption have developed linearly to GDP/capita until now

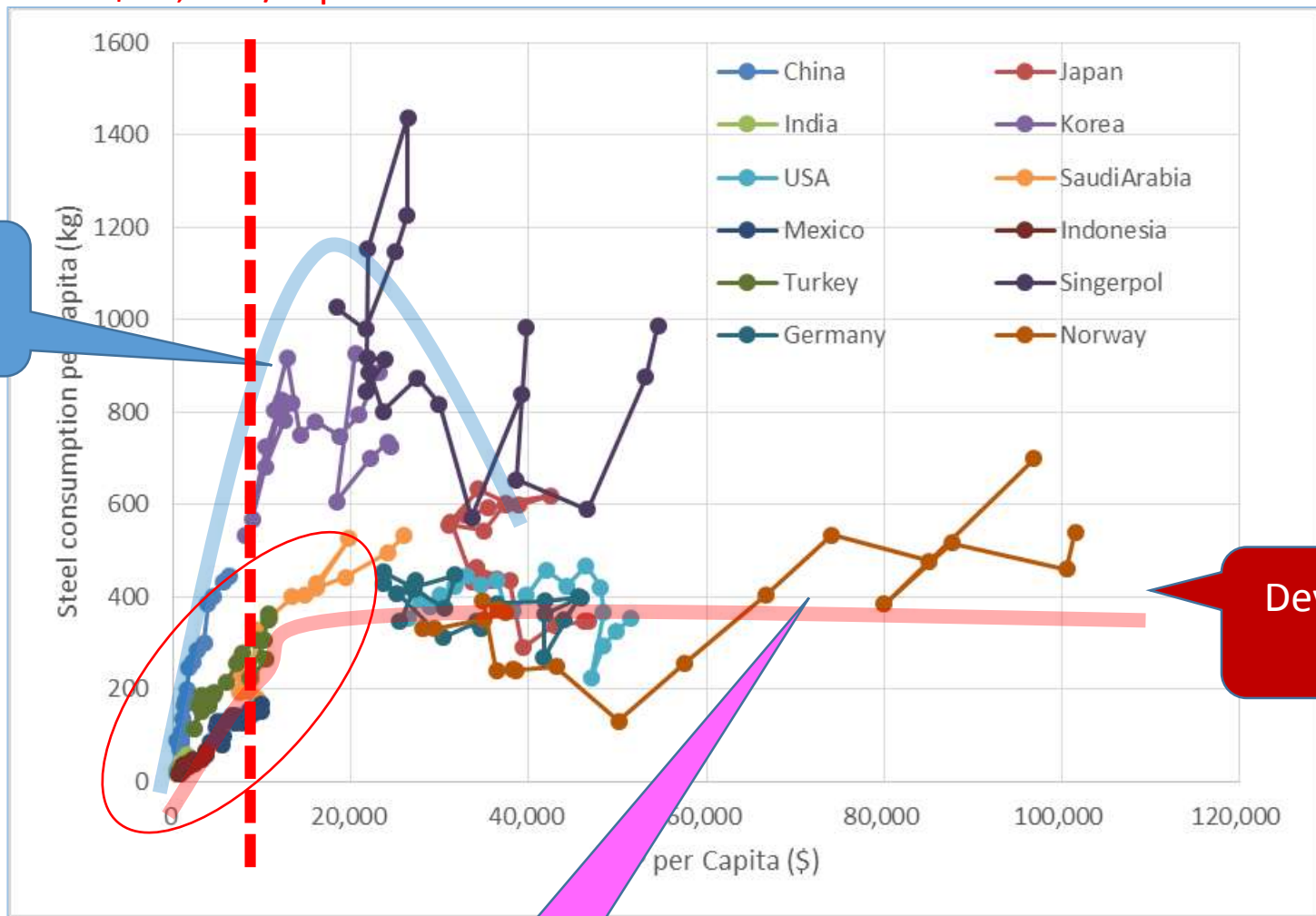




There are some exceptions. They had reached independent level of consumption per person

Fe consumption / capita v.s. GDP/ capita from 1994 to 2014

\$10,000 /capita

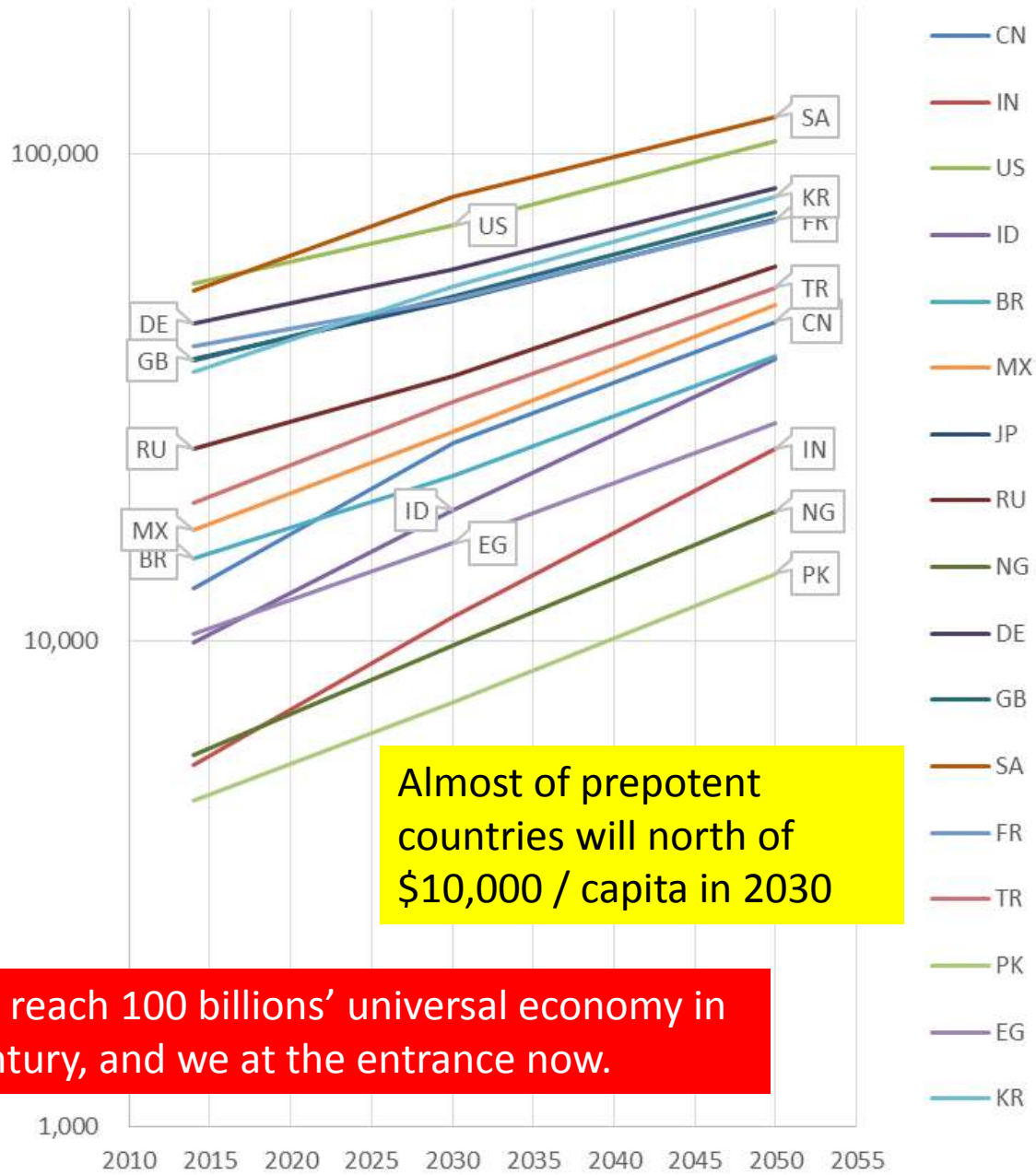


Exporting countries

Developed level

Consuming countries

forecasted GDP per person (PPP base)



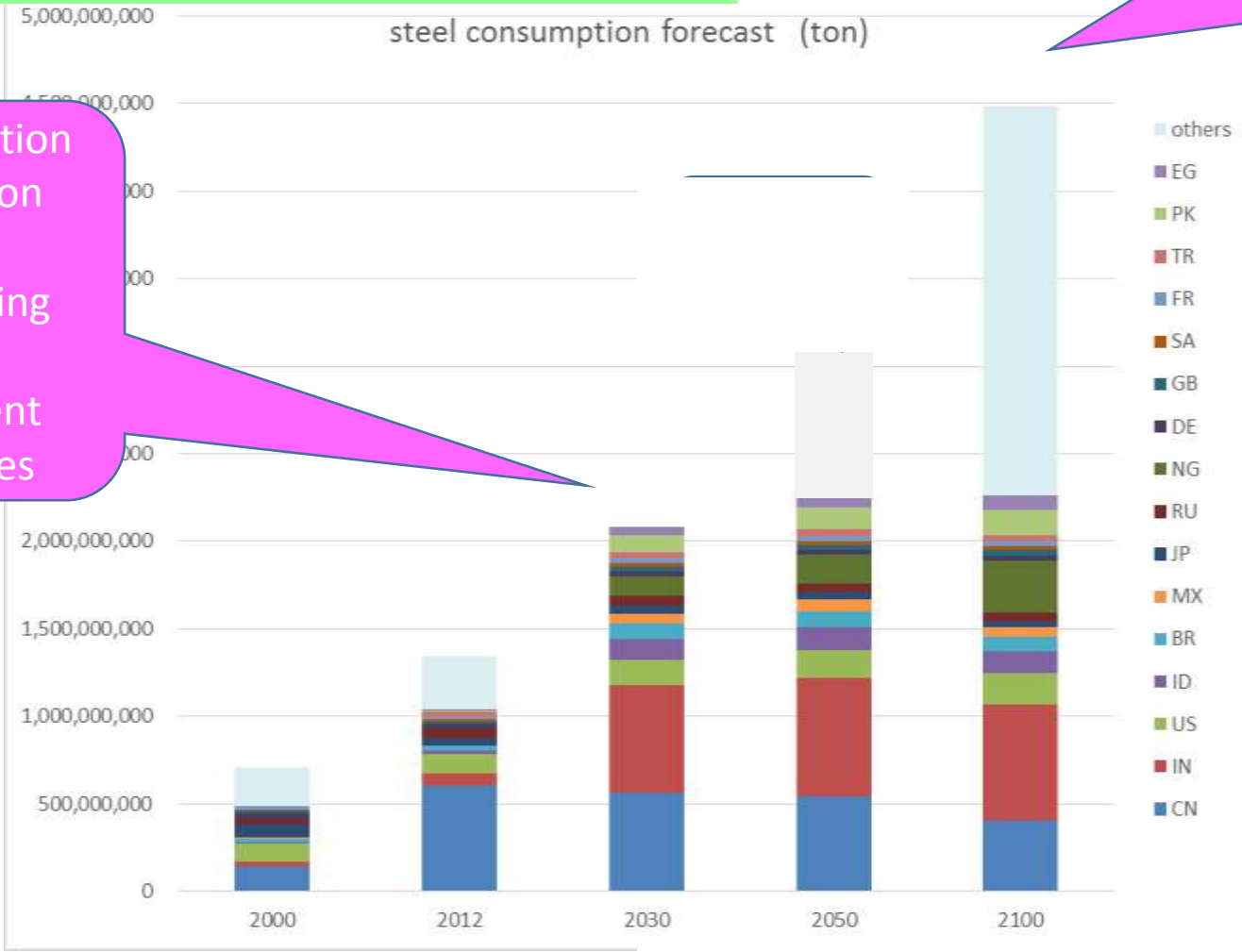
Almost of prepotent countries will north of \$10,000 / capita in 2030

We will reach 100 billions' universal economy in this century, and we at the entrance now.

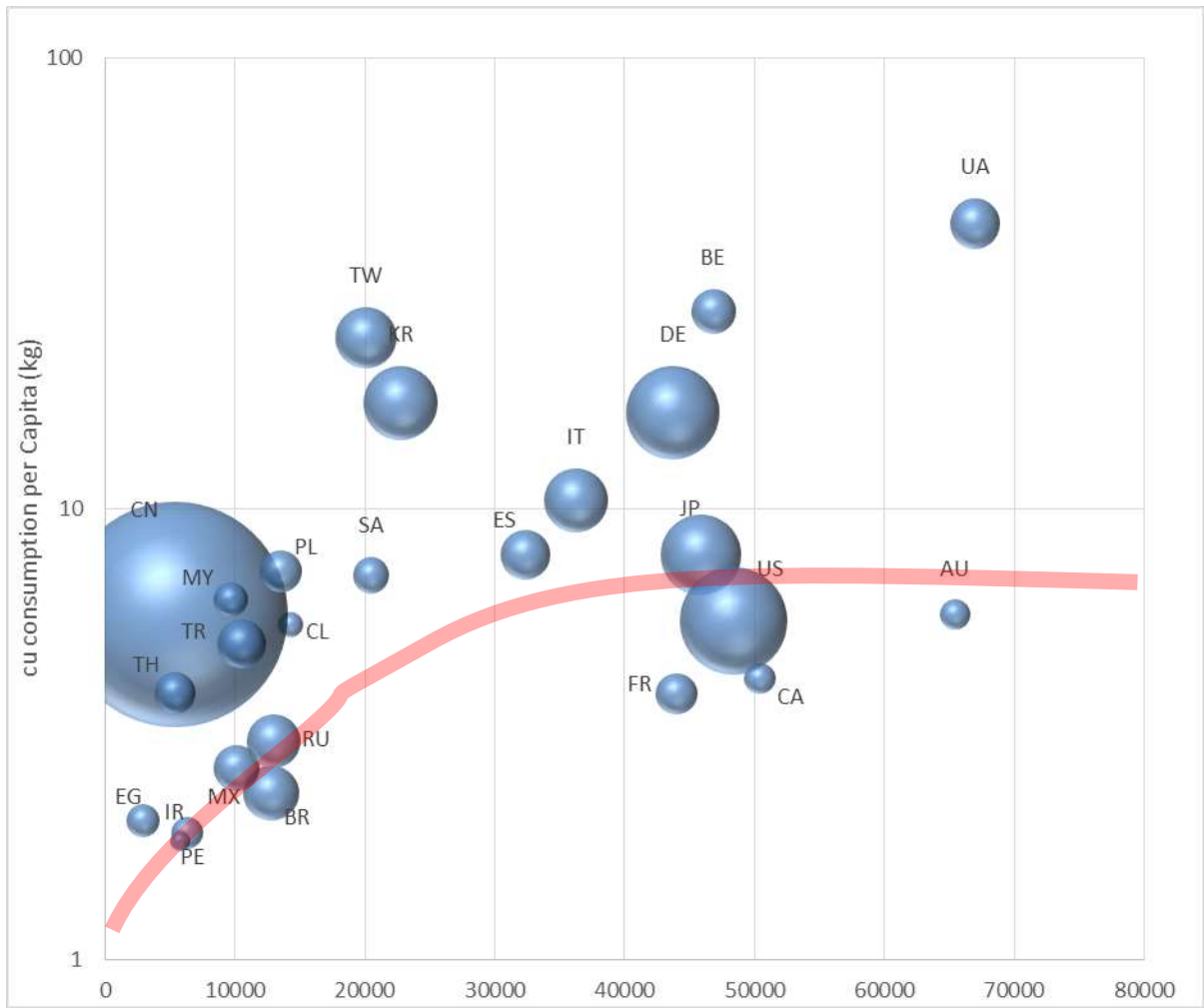
Rough forecast gets to be simpler,
 (population) x (developed consumption level)

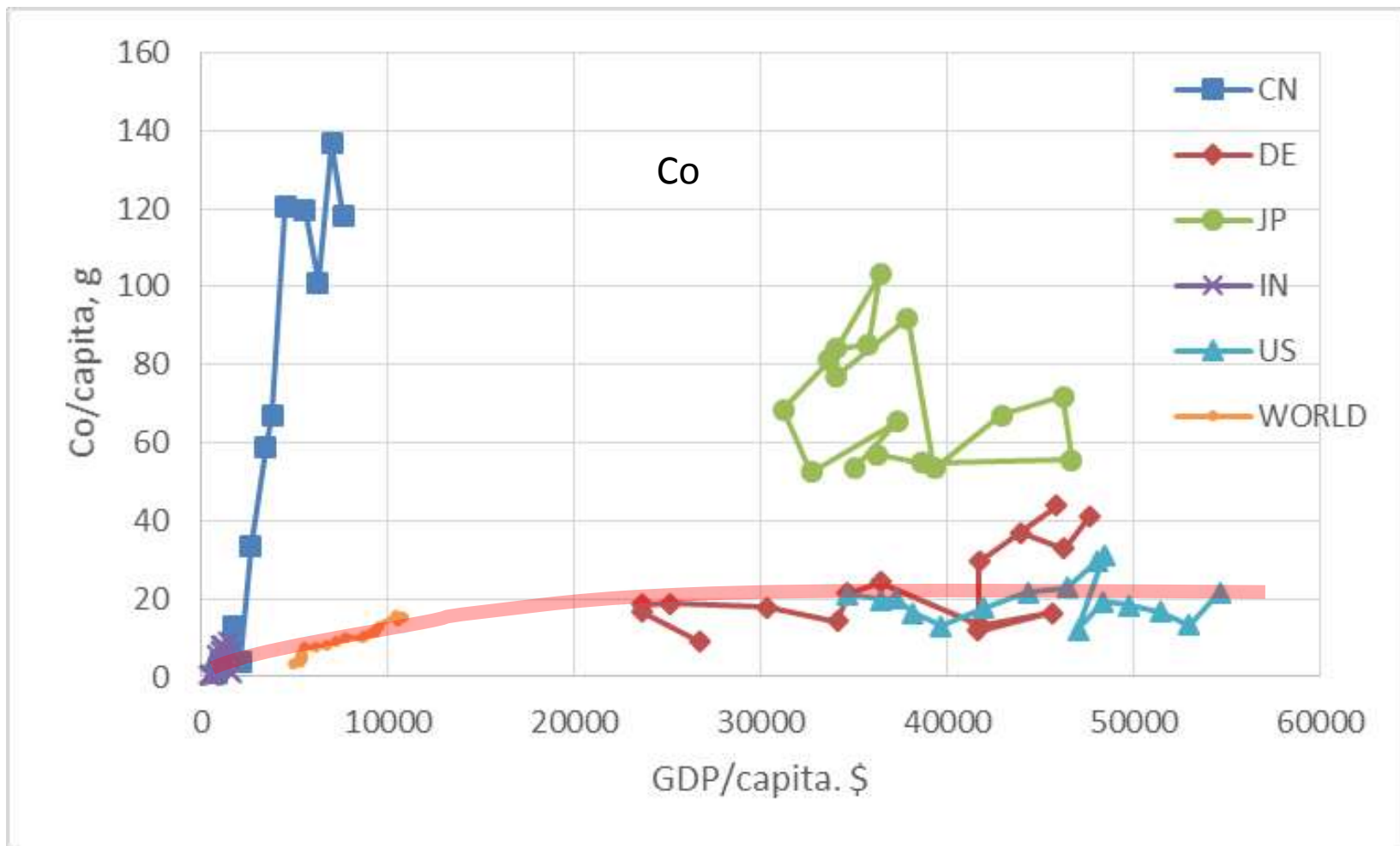
Every country reaches developed level of consumption per capita

Consumption prediction with concerning only prepotent countries



metal	Fe
Consumption/year at 10Gperson world	4.5Gton/year
Reserve	87Gton





Are the reserves enough for the 100 billions' universal economy?

metal	Fe	Cu	Co
Consumption/year at 10Gperson world	4.5Gton/year	90Mt/year	224kt/year
Reserve	87Gton	700Mt	7.2Mt

19 years

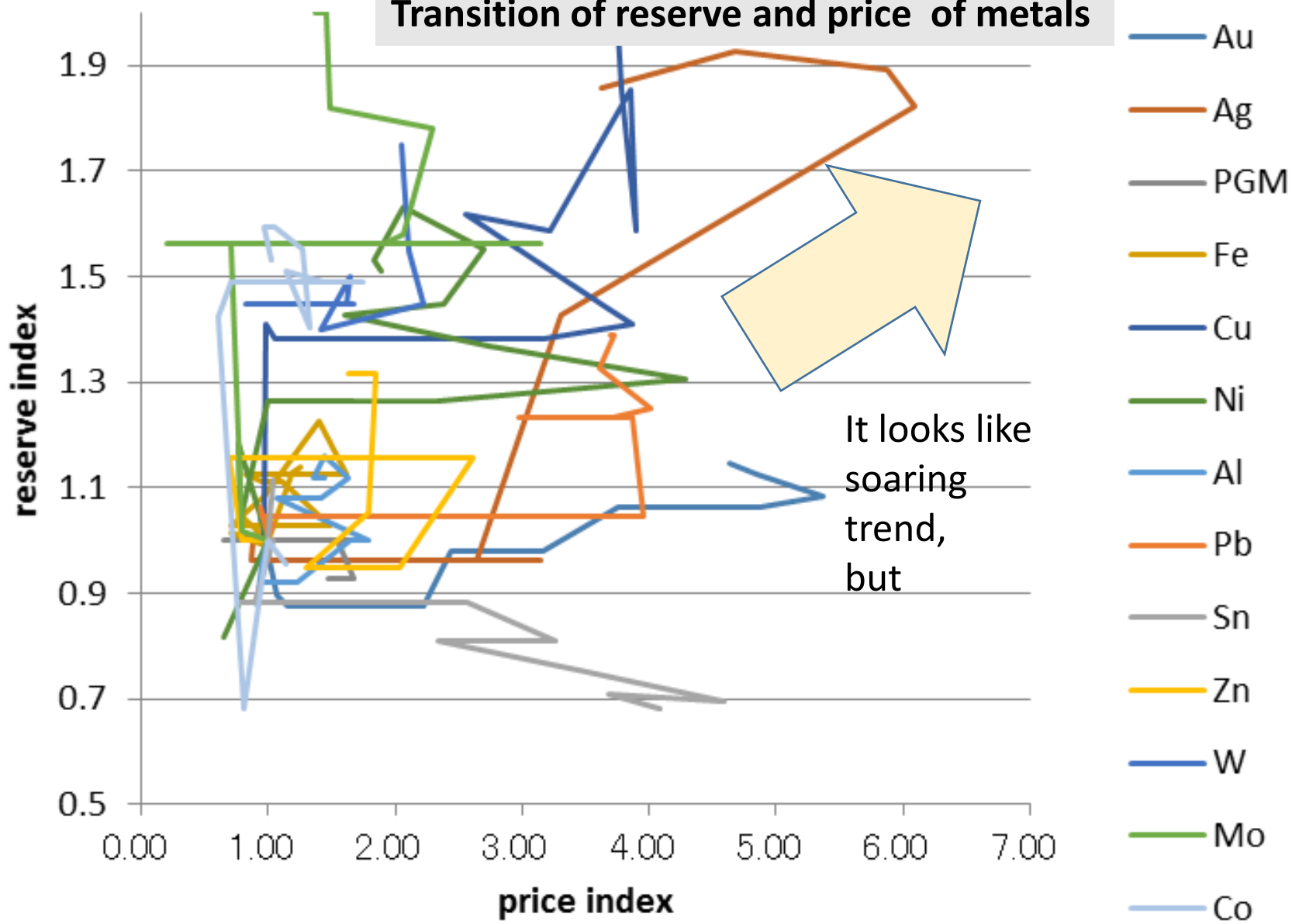
8 years

32 years

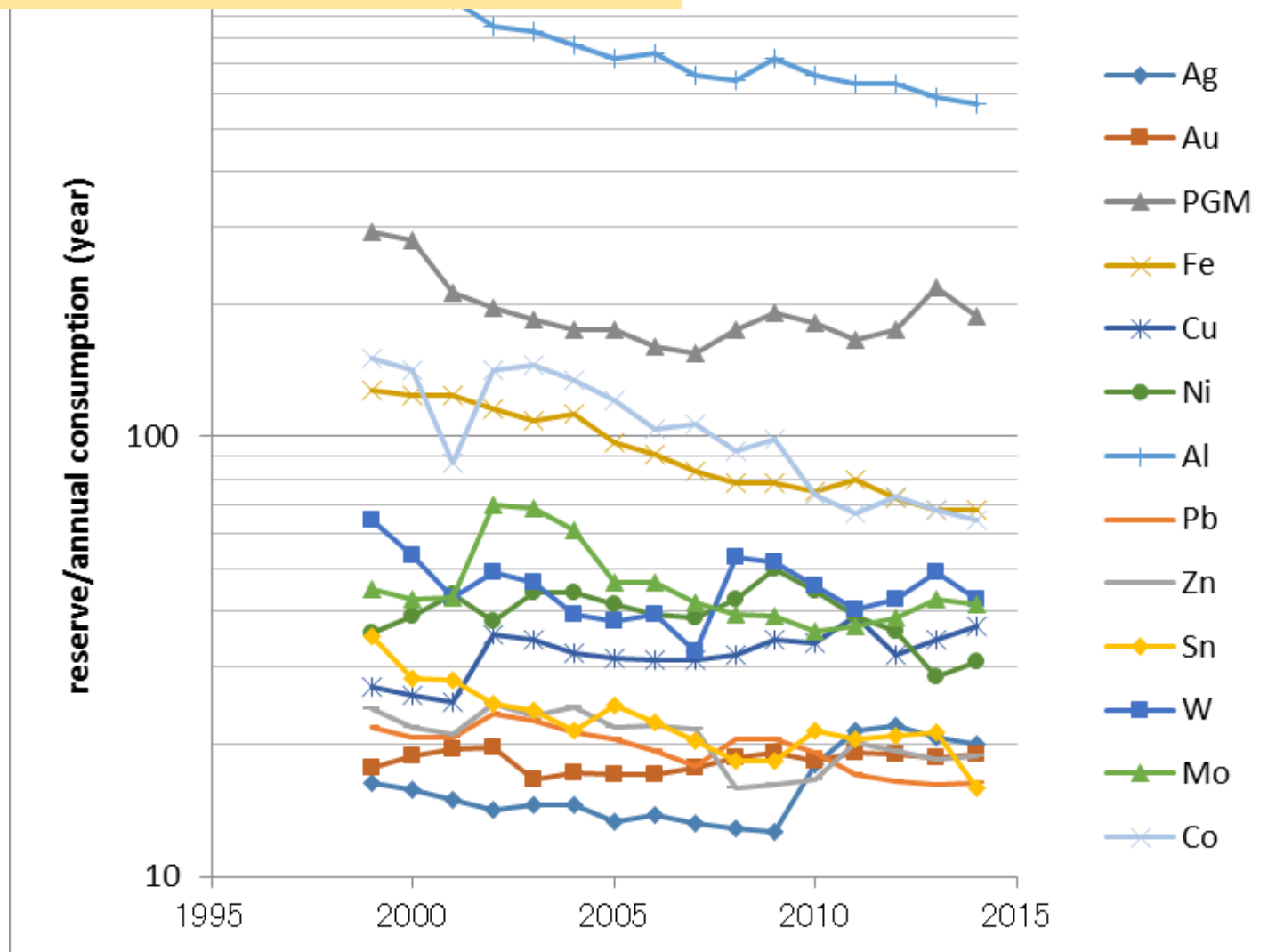
It is said that reserve increase when the price rises.

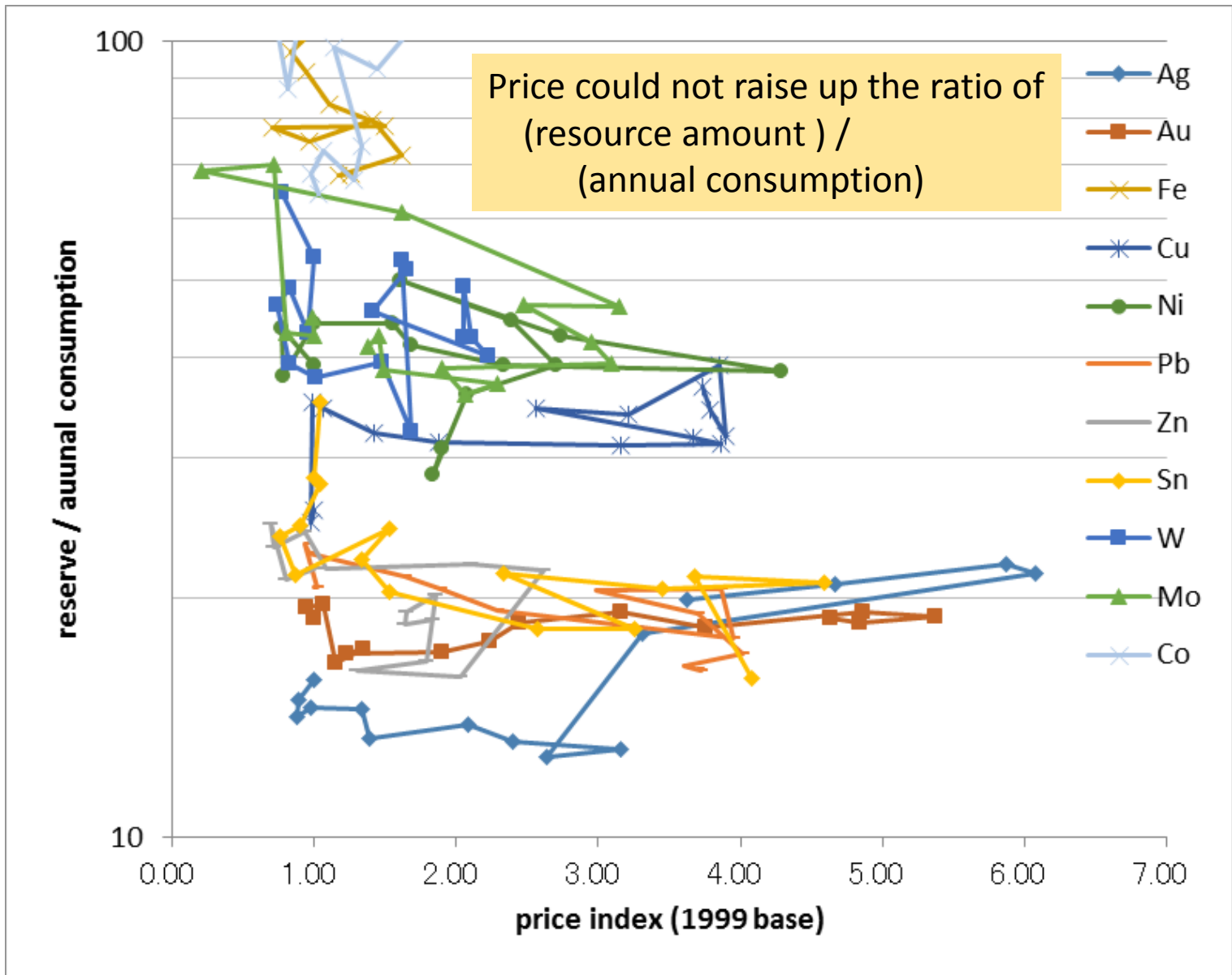
Prices had risen in these dozen of years.
How are reserves?

Transition of reserve and price of metals

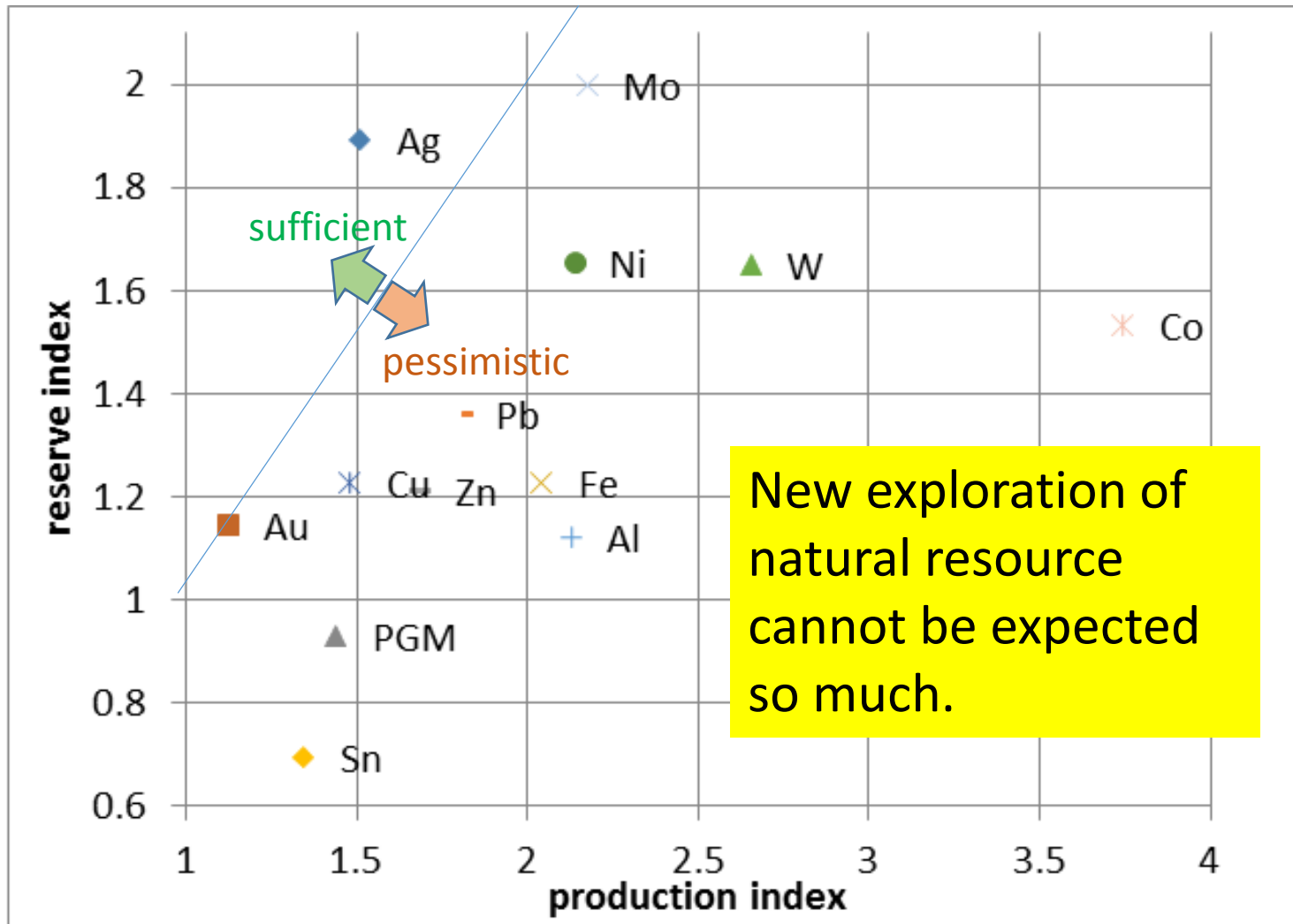


Reserve ratio to annual consumption is decreasing



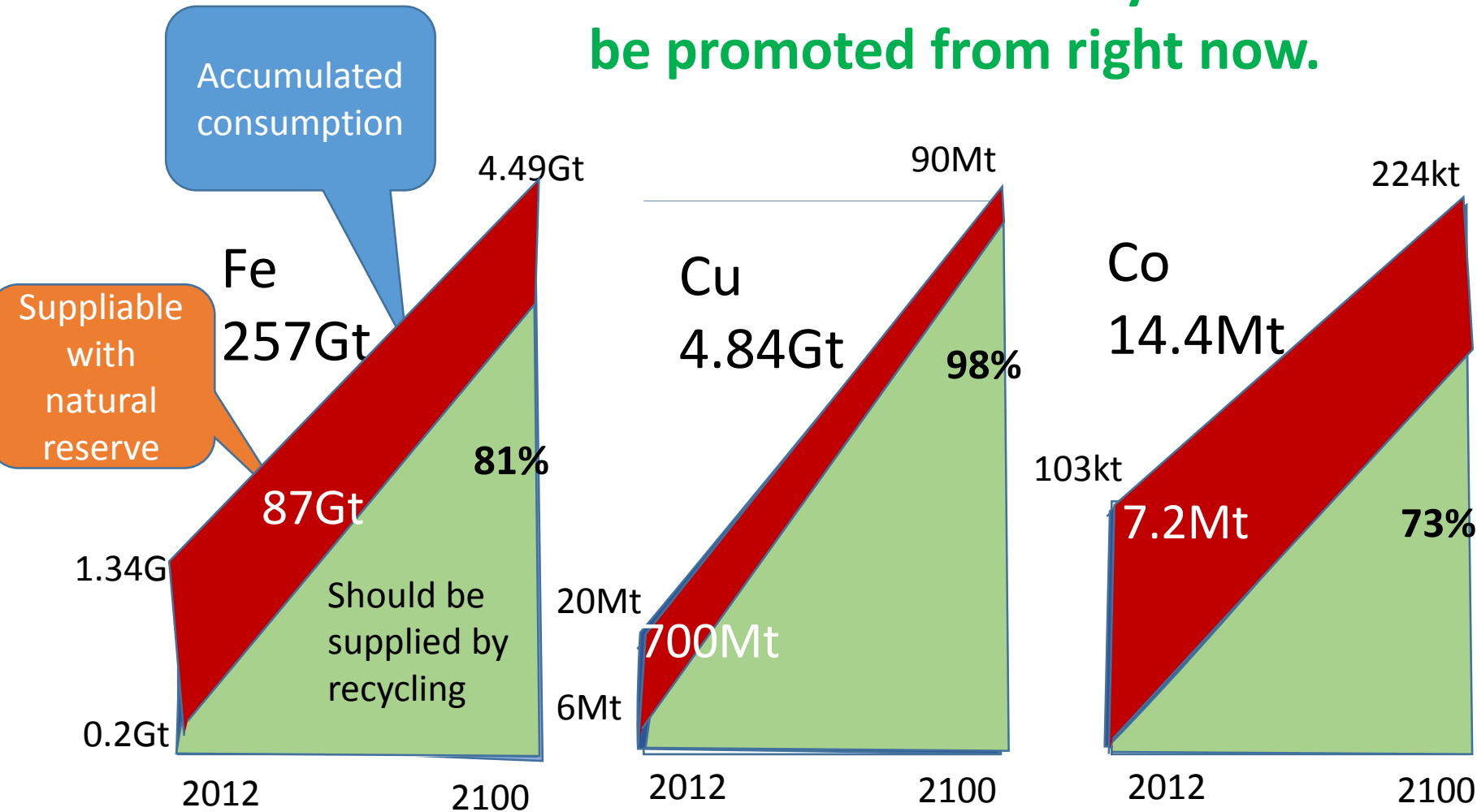


Sustainable reserve development line



What can solve it?

The circulation society must be promoted from right now.



Estimated accumulated consumptions till 2100 with simple assumption of linear growth

conclusion

- Material flow has shifted from EU, Us, JP trilateral structure to the concentration to China as **the Factory of the World**
- Behind China, large demand of developing countries to growth exists,
and **the world average GDP/capita** has reached **\$10,000**.
- \$10,000 GDP/capita is a transition point of metal consumption, where
consumption/capita reaches to be **developed level**.
- We are now at the entrance of **100billions' universal economy** which require a great amount of metals which cannot be supplied by natural resource.
- We have to rush to establish the **circulation economy**.

Thank you !

Acknowledgement

This study is supported by the High Efficiency Rare Elements Extraction Technology Area in the Tohoku Innovation Materials Technology Initiatives for Reconstruction from the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology in Japan.